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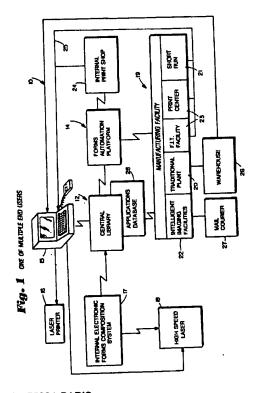
(54) Form automation system.

The invention provides a system for production of business forms, comprising:

first computer means comprising a forms automation platform means; for establishing each of a plurality of business forms in electronic format; for determining print format information for said forms; and for converting said electronic format to appropriate print formats based upon said distribution profile information and print format information, to design a business form in electronic format;

second computer means at each of a plurality of end user sites, including means for inputting variable information, if any, to be contained in the business forms to be produced;

third computer means comprising a central library means: for processing requests for distribution to effect electronic distribution of forms; and for providing information about print formats and distribution profiles to said second computer means, said means including a display and an inputting means for inputting commands regarding the specific business form or forms requested; and communication means for providing communication between said forms automation platform means and said central library means, and between said central library means and said end user sites. Also provided are methods of producing and distributing business forms using the system.



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BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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Conventionally, large organizations that use large volumes of many different types of business forms have the forms printed in paper form internally or by a manufacturer of business forms, and then store the forms in one or more warehouses for distribution to each of the geographically remote user locations of that organization. Distribution costs can be significant, especially if the locations are widely disseminated, and there can be significant costs associated with the warehousing, inventory and obsolescence of preprinted paper forms. If attempts are made to do away with inventorying of preprinted forms, electronic forms may be stored for printing of paper forms on demand, however typically systems capable of electronic storage and retrieval are marketed by vendors supplying only one type of equipment, so that the systems are not versatile enough to be utilized even within a single location of the organization unless all printers and related equipment at that location are compatible. Further, such systems do not have conventional preprinted forms manufacture integrated therewith, and are therefore limited.

Also, when new forms are required, they are typically designed at a location where the need for the form is first recognized. The newly designed form may, or may not, become part of the forms package available to other interested parts of the organization, and even if it ultimately becomes available, may go through a redundant design sequence before being adopted by the organization headquarters. Usually, no centralized forms facility is provided, requiring redundant entry and processing of information in electronic or hard copy format.

According to the present invention, a system and method are provided which overcome the major elements of the problems identified above. According to the present invention, it is possible for a large consumer of forms, having numerous geographically remote user locations with varying needs for many different types of forms, to eliminate or minimize the warehousing, inventory, and obsolescence costs associated with preprinted forms, to minimize the number of preprinted forms utilized, to minimize redundant entry and processing of information, and to provide centralized design, control and management of electronic forms. According to the invention, the same form may be printed at a number of geographically remote locations on different types of printers, the forms can be distributed and updated automatically and efficiently, and if a form is needed but not readily reproducible on in house equipment, an order for the form may be transmitted to a vendor's manufacturing facility or facilities (eg. located geographically proximate the remote user locations to be served) for production and distribution.

The system according to the invention comprises as basic components first and second computer means, which comprise a central library facility (CLF), and a forms automation platform (FAP). Two way communication is provided between the CLF and FAP by appropriate communications software and protocol modules. The CLF is typically located at a centralized facility of the forms consumer (customer), while the FAP is typically located at a centralized facility of the vendor (forms manufacturer), although it may be located wherever convenient for performing the desired tasks to a particular customer's satisfaction A third computer means, typically a PC, is located at end user sites to communicate with the CLF and receive distributed forms therefrom.

The primary functions that take place at the FAP are: electronic forms design (at a centralized location), using one or more conventional design packages such as PERFORM, F3, JETFORM, or MECA III; creating, maintaining, updating, and ensuring the integrity of a display image library; logically associating print formats and distribution profile information received for each form within the display image library; converting display images to print formats based on the distribution profile specified for each form; downloading the print images to the CLF; executing electronic forms update processing; communication with the CLF; and communication with other print facilities (e.g. a manufacturer of business forms, and internal print shop, or the like) A release date is entered at the FAP, and managed at the CLF.

A FAP may service multiple CLFs and must then associate specific forms with specific CLFs. The FAP will generate print formats based on those printers supported by the customer to which the forms will be distributed.

The major functions of the CLF are file management and distribution, including the collection, assimilation and output of management information. The CLF also logically associates formats (print formats) and distribution profile information received for each form. The CLF electronically stores all of the forms previously supplied ton profile information received for each form. The CLF electronically stores all of the forms previously supplied by the FAP, and effects transmission thereof to remote locations having use for them (the end user interface by the FAP, and the CLF, or the end user interface under control of the CLF, effects display or printing of forms a regardless of exact terminal printer configuration — at the remote user locations. The CLF collects and downloads the form images to the end users (ie the third computer means) on a release date, after polling of the computer (eg within the CLF) in which the images are located. This may be done completely automatically, or after manual verification.

In accordance with the present invention, there is provided a system for the production of business forms, comprising:

first computer means comprising a forms automation platform means: for establishing each of a plurality

of business forms in electronic format; for determining print format information for said forms; and for converting said electronic format to appropriate print formats based upon said distribution profile information and print format information, to design a business form in electronic format;

second computer means at each of a plurality of end user sites, for example including means for inputting variable information, if any, to be contained in the business forms to be produced;

third computer means comprising a central library means: for processing requests for distribution to effect electronic distribution of forms; and for providing information about print formats and distribution profiles to said second computer means, said means including a display and an inputting means for inputting commands regarding the specific business form or forms requested (and optionally means for inputting variable information, if any, to be contained in the business forms to be provided); and

communications means for providing communication between said forms automation platform means and said central library means, and between said central library means and said end user sites.

The printing means is preferably controlled by one or more of said computer means for printing out of paper

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In one embodiment, the printing means comprises at least first and second printers having different printer formats, said printers located geographically remote from each other; and wherein said forms automation platform means creates the appropriate different printer formats for each form to be printed on said first and second printers; and wherein said central library means selects, and controls whichever of said printers is selected, utilizing the appropriate printer format, based upon the distribution information provided from said central library means.

The forms automation platform means can be located geographically remote from said central library means. Said central library means can control both said first and said second printers through said second computer means to produce the same paper form on each. The forms automation platform and the central library may be geographically remote from the end user sites.

In another embodiment of the invention, the system further comprises a source of preprinted paper business forms located geographically remote from said central library means, at least some of said forms being the same as the electronic forms in said central library means; and wherein said forms automation platform comprises means for managing said preprinted paper business forms to maintain inventory and to provide updating thereof, and means for effecting distribution of said preprinted business forms to said end user sites from said source.

In a further embodiment, the system may be arranged such that the forms automation platform means is located geographically remote from the central library means, and the system further comprises a business forms manufacturing facility geographically remote from said central library means; and wherein said platform automation means provides business forms in proper electronic format to said business forms manufacturing facility to effect manufacture thereof at said facility, so that the same paper form may be produced by said first printer, second printer, or manufacturing facility. In a further embodiment, the invention provides a system for the production of business forms comprising first, second and third computer means, and communications means, as defined hereinabove, wherein said third computer means comprises a file comprising customer profile information including an identification uniquely identifying each customer, and address information for the customer, a geographic profile including the customer identification and a unique code for each different geographic location of the customer's facilities; a printer profile file including the customer identification, and a code identifying each printer, and the type of printer, at each geographic location of the customer; a distribution data file including the customer identification, a code to uniquely identify each form for a customer, and the code to uniquely identify each printer; a form profile data file including the customer identification, and the code to identify each form for a customer, and a form output file including the customer identification, and a rode to uniquely identify the format of each form of the customer.

The first computer means of the above system may have a customer profile file including an identifier uniquely identifying a customer and a customer's address; a form profile file including the unique customer identifier, a unique identifier of a form for a customer, and physical information about the form; a form file name file including the unique customer identifier and unique identifier for the form, and the type of printer the form is designed for; and a distribution information form including the unique customer identifier, an indicator of whether or not a form has been selected for distribution to the third computer means, the unique form identifier, and the date of distribution of the form.

The form output file can also include a code that describes the form type, a code that describes a printer type, a file identification of where the format data is stored, and a code to tell if the form is compressed; and wherein the code to identify the format of each form identifies "print ready", "source", or " compiled".

In one embodiment, there is provided a system as defined hereinabove, wherein the form profile data file includes therein a code to uniquely identify each revision of each form, a description of the form, the software

package used to design the form, the date the form was created, the number of parts to the form, a code to identify landscape or protrait mode, the length of the form, and the width of the form.

The printer profile file can also include a description of the printer and printer type, a code of the printer type, and the name of the printer manufacturers. The form profile data file can be a parent of the form output format file and the distribution data file and can be a dependent of the customer profile file.

The system can further comprise a user profile file having the customer identification, an indicator which allows or prevents a user from signing on, and a flag to indicate new forms have arrived in the third computer means.

In a further embodiment, the system can comprise a site profile file interrelated with the geographic profile file, and including the customer identification, an identifier to uniquely identify each site for the customer, a description of each site, and a unique code for each different geographic profile used.

The system can further comprise a corporate profile file having the customer identification, a code for each different corporate profile within a customer, and a plurality of levels in the corporate organisation; said corporate profile file being a dependent of the customer profile file, and a parent of the site profile file. Alternatively, the system can further comprise a corporate profile file having the customer identification, a code for each different corporate profile within a customer, and a plurality of levels in the corporate organisation; said corporate profile file being a dependent of the customer profile file. In one preferred embodiment the system can further comprise a form field information file which is a dependent of the form profile data file, and includes the customer identification, the code to uniquely identify a form for a customer, a code to uniquely identify each revision of the form, a sequential number of fields within a form, a description of the length of the field, a description of the field format, and a description of whether the field is numeric, character, or the like.

In another aspect, the invention provides a system for production of business forms, comprising first computer means, second computer means, third computer means and communications means, as defined hereinabove; said first computer means having: a customer profile file including an identifier uniquely identifying a customer and a customer's address; a form profile file including the unique customer identifier, a unique identifier of a form for a customer, and physical information about the form; a form file name file including the unique customer identifier and unique identifier for the form, and the type of printer the form is designed for, and a distribution information file including the unique customer identifier, an indicator of whether or not a form has been selected for distribution to said third computer means, the unique form identifier, and the date of distribution of the form.

In such a system, the form profile file can include as the form physical information therein; the software on which the form was designed, the width of the form, the length of the form, the number of the pages in the form, the number of parts of the form, and the page orientation of the form. The said form profile file can also include the release status of the form, the system date on which the form was created and/or revised, and the system date on which the form was last released. The form profile file can be a dependent of said customer profile file, and a parent to a field description file having the customer identifier, the unique form identifier, the form field length, the form field data type, and the form field data format. In one particular embodiment, the distribution information file is not a parent or dependent of other files.

The present invention also provides a system for automating business forms creation, management and production, comprising:

printing means;

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first computer means, including a business forms automation platform means, comprising: means for designing customer business forms; means for managing display images for existing business forms in electronic format; and means for converting display images into appropriate print formats;

second computer means including a central library means comprising an electronic data base of print images for a plurality of different business forms, and of distribution location information for each of said forms; and means for managing said print images;

means associated with said computer means for controlling said printing means so that said printing means will print business forms in response to print images from said second computer means; and

means for providing two way communication between said first and second computer means.

The system may further comprise third computer means at end user locations remote from said first and second computer means, and means for providing two way communication between said second and third computer means for transmission of data - including electronic business forms - and instructions.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of electronically developing, producing, managing and distributing a plurality of different business forms for an entity having a plurality of geographically remote use locations with different needs for different business forms, comprising the steps of:

(a) at a centralized location, storing the plurality of business forms in electronic format including print images;

- (b) based on geographic location, volume requirements, form construction, and equipment profile, determining which of the geographically remote use locations will be provided with business forms, and storing that information at said centralized location; and
- (c) through electronic scheduling or in response to commands input at said centralized location, automatically distributing forms from the centralized location to the geographically remote use locations for that particular form, according to the determinations provided in step (b).

The method can comprise the further step (d) of providing for electronic storage of the forms at decentralized locations and subsequent processing. The subsequent processing can comprise selecting either data entry and production using electronic imaging or traditional production, as determined in step (b). Step (a) is practised to store the business forms to be distributed to both the first and second use locations in both the first and second printer formats; and sep (c) is practised to automatically distribute forms in electronic format to the first and second printers, for printing into paper forms at the first and second use locations. This insures that the most current version of the form is available at all sites, including data entry and/or production sites.

According to one embodiment of the method, the centralized location can comprise a first centralized location, and a second centralized location; and can comprise the further step (d) of designing and modifying the business forms in electronic format at the second centralized location. The second centralized location can be geographically remote from the first centralized location, and from the use locations. The method can comprise the further step of, at the second centralized location, storing information about up-dating and release date information for the forms in electronic format, and automatically transmitting the up-dated forms in electronic format and release information to end user sites at the appropriate time.

In another embodiment of the method, a first of the use locations has a first printer with a first printer format, and a second of the use locations has a second printer utilizing a second printer format different from the first printer format, step (a) being practised to store the business forms to be distributed to both the first and second use locations in both first and second printer format; and step (c) being practised to automatically distribute forms in electronic format to the first and second printers, for printing into paper forms at the first and second use locations. The said centralized location may be at one of the use locations.

The said method can comprise the further step (e) of, in response to commands entered at centralized or remote locations, distributing electronic forms through a communication network for (i) subsequent processing by end users, or (ii) subsequent production by end users.

The invention also provides a method of handling business forms, comprising the steps of:

- (a) creating a plurality of business forms in electronic format using a plurality of different business form creating computer programs;
- (b) maintaining the business forms created in step (a) in a display image format to which variables may be added for variable image data;
- (c) converting the display of form image format for each of a plurality of forms to desired printer formats;
- (d) simultaneously transmitting the printer formats to each of a plurality of compatible printers; and
- (e) printing out the forms on the compatible printers.

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Step (c) above can be practised utilizing the business form creating computer programs themselves.

The invention further provides a method of providing a user of a plurality of different business forms at a plurality of geographically remote locations with the business forms in an efficient manner, and without the necessity of warehousing preprinted paper forms, comprising the steps of:

- (a) storing the business forms in electronic format at a centralized location;
- (b) producing the business forms in paper form at geographic locations proximate each of the geographically remote use locations in response to an electronic order generated by a centralized or remote com-
- (c) delivering the business forms in paper form to each of the geographically remote use locations after production thereof.

Steps (b) and (c) can be practised simultaneously at at least one of the geographically remote use locations. With such an arrangement, the centralized location can be a first centralized location, and the method can comprise the further step, (d) of creating business forms in the electronic format at a second centralized location, and transmitting the created form in electronic format to the first centralized location. The first and second centralized locations can be geographically remote from each other. In the aforesaid method, a first printer can be provided at one of the use locations and a second printer can be provided at a second use location, the printers having different printer formats, steps (d) and (a) being practised to create and store business form in both printer formats; and steps (b) and (c) being practised to produce the same business form with each of the first and second printers.

With reference to the method of providing a user of a plurality of different business forms at a plurality of geographically remote locations defined hereinabove, the centralized location can be a first centralized location

and the method can comprise a further step, (d), of creating business forms in an electronic format at a second centralized location, and transmitting the created form in electronic format to the first centralized location. In such a method, a first printer can be provided at one of the use locations and a second printer can be provided at a second use location, the printers having different printer formats, steps (d) and (a) being practised to create and store business form in both printer formats; and steps (b) and (c) being practised to produce the same paper business form with each of the first and second printers.

In a further embodiment of the method described hereinabove, steps (b) and (c) can be practised by producing the business forms in a business forms manufacturing facility geographically proximate, but still distinct from, a use location, and delivering the paper forms via motor vehicle from the manufacturing facility to the use location.

In a still further aspect, the invention provides a method of distributing business forms to each of a plurality of remote (eg geographically remote) end users, comprising the steps of;

- (a) storing in electronic format in a computer a plurality of different business forms;
- (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic business forms;
- (c) periodically polling (for example, once every weekday) the computer to locate applicable date com-
- (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), automatically distributing the electronic business forms to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of distributing electronic images to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, comprising the steps of:

(a) storing a plurality of different electronic images;

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- (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic images;
- (c) periodically polling (for example, once every weekday) the computer to locate applicable date com-
- (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), automatically distributing the electronic images to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands.

A method of distributing business forms to each of a plurality of geographically remote end user is also provided which comprises steps (a), (b) and (c) of the method of distributing business forms defined hereinabove, and comprises the further steps (d) whereby in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), the electronic business forms are readied for distribution to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands; and (e) the distribution of the electronic business forms to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands is manually verified, and, after manual verification, the electronic business forms are automatically distributed to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution command. Steps (d) and (e) can be practised at a location remote from the geographically remote end users. In the said method, a second computer can be located at each of the geographically remote end users, and step (e) can be facilitated by two way communication between the computer and the second computer.

Even more generally, the invention contemplates practising the above steps for any electronic images, not just business forms.

A method of distributing electronic images to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, is also provided, which comprises steps (a), (b) and (c) of the method of distributing electronic images defined hereinabove, but which comprises the further step (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), readying the electronic images for distribution to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands; and (e) manually verifying the distribution of the electronic images to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands, and after manual verification, automatically distributing the electronic images to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands. Steps (d) and (e) can be practised at a location remote from each geographically remote end users. A second computer may be located at each of the geographically remote end users, and step (e) may be facilitated by two way communication between the computer and the second computer.

- In a further aspect the invention provides a system for the production of business forms comprising:
 - a first location having a first printer with a first printer format;
- a second location with a second printer having a second printer format, said second location being geographically remote from said first location;
- a first computer means for storing electronic business forms in both the first and second printer formats, said first computer means being located geographically remote from said first and second printers; and

so that said first computer means transmits commands to said first and second printers to print the same paper form on both.

The system can further comprise a second computer means comprising means for creating electronic business forms, and second communication means for transmitting created electronic business forms from said second computer means to said first computer means.

Furthermore, the system can further comprise a third computer means located at each of said first and second printers, and comprising means for receipt of commands from said first computer means and controlling said printers in response thereto.

The invention also provides a method of handling business forms, comprising the steps of:

(a) creating a plurality of business forms in electronic format;

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- (b) maintaining the business forms created in step (a) in a display image format to which variables may be added for variable image data;
- (c) electronically transmitting the display image formats; and
- (d) ultimately converting the display of form image formats to desired printer formats.
- The method of handling business forms can comprise the further steps of:
- (e) simultaneously transmitting the printer formats to each of a plurality of compatible printers; and
- (f) printing out the forms on the compatible printers.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of electronically developing, producing, managing and distributing a plurality of different business forms for an entity having a plurality of geographically remote use locations with needs (eg different needs) for different business forms, comprising the steps of:

- (a) at a centralized location, storing the plurality of business forms in electronic format including by providing each with the following data associated therewith: identification code for the form; verbal description of the form; software package used to design the form; date of form creation and/or last revision; number of parts to the form; whether the form has landscape or portrait mode; length of the form; and width of the form;
- (b) based upon geographic location, volume requirements, form construction, and equipment profile, determining which of the geographically remote use locations will be provided with business forms in electronic and/or preprinted form, and storing that information at said centralized location; and
 - (c) through electronic scheduling or in response to commands inputted at said centralized location, automatically distributing forms in electronic and/or preprinted form from the centralized location to the geographically remote use locations for that particular form, according to the determinations provided instep (b).

In a particular embodiment of the aforesaid method, there is provided a method wherein a first of the use locations has a first printer with a first printer format, and wherein a second of the use locations has a second printer utilizing a second printer format different than the first printer format; and wherein step (a) is practised to store the business forms to be distributed to both the first and second use locations in both the first and second printer formats; and wherein step (c) is practised to distribute formats in electronic format to the first and second printers, for printing into paper forms at the first and second use locations.

In a particular embodiment, a plurality of printers are provided at the use locations, and the method comprises the further step of assigning a unique printer code to each of the printers, steps (b) and (c) being practised by transmitting the appropriate printer format electronic form to each of the selected printers utilizing the unique printer code.

In still another aspect, the invention provides a method of electronically creating and managing a plurality of different business forms, utilizing a first computer at a first location, and a second computer at a second location, comprising the steps of:

- (a) at the first computer, creating a plurality of business form in electronic format, including printer formats;
- (b) allocating a session with the second computer;
- (c) designating appropriate business forms for transfer,
- (d) electronically transferring the designated forms from the first computer to the second computer;
- (e) confirming that the transfer has taken place; and
- (f) initiating a table population function at the second computer, and confirming when that function has been completed.
 - In a yet further aspect the invention comprises a method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing in electronic format in a computer a plurality of different business forms;
 - (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic business forms;
 - (c) periodically polling the computer to locate applicable data commands;
 - (d) identifying forms for distribution in the computer,
 - (e) establishing a session between the computer and an end user;

- (f) transferring the forms electronically from the computer to the end user; and
- (g) acknowledging receipt of the forms by the end user from the computer.

It is primary object of the present invention to provide for the effective and efficient creation and production of electronic and preprinted business forms for large consumers of forms having multiple locations. This and other objects of the invention will become clear from an inspection of the detailed description of the invention, and from the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- FIGURE 1 is a schematic block diagram comprising a high level functional overview of an exemplary system 10 which is implemented according to the invention;
 - FIGURE 2 is a block diagram showing one embodiment of a more detailed interrelationship between the components of the FIGURE 1 system;
 - FIGURE 3 is a block diagram showing an overview of the interconnections between the central library facility (CLF), forms automation platform (FAP), and end users;
 - FIGURE 4 is a schematic view of the FAP;

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- FIGURE 5 is a schematic like that of FIGURE 4 for a host computer utilizable with the CLF and the FAP; FIGURE 6 is a data model diagram for data structures provided by the FAP, for detailed implementation according to the invention;
- FIGURE 7 is a data flow diagram of exemplary program control processes performed by the FAP, for 20 detailed implementation according to the invention;
 - FIGURES 8a-8e are schematics giving lower level breakdowns of the major elements of FIGURE 7; FIGURE 9 is a flow diagram illustrating access to the CLF from the FAP;
 - FIGURE 10 is a schematic diagram illustrating exemplary components of the CLF of the system of FIG-
 - URES 1 and 2; FIGURE 11 is a CLF data model diagram, for detailed implementation according to the invention;
 - FIGURE 12 is a schematic showing the CLF data base relationships, for detailed implementation according
 - FIGURES 13a-13i provide a schematic structure chart for the CLF, for detailed implementation according
 - FIGURE 14 is an exemplary flow diagram for releasing forms from the CLF to end user sites based upon
 - FIGURE 15 is an exemplary flow diagram for transmitting an electronic form, initiated at the CLF; and FIGURE 16 is an exemplary flow diagram for transmitting a print request, initiated at the CLF.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The forms automation system according to the present invention is illustrated generally by reference numeral 10 in FIGURES 1 and 2. The forms automation system 10 will be utilized by those consumers of business forms who have large numbers of business forms (both type and amount) that will be utilized at a number of geographically remote use locations. The system 10 is designed to be marketed by a business forms manufacturing company that has conventional forms production facilities, although it could be marketed by a wide variety of different types of companies. The system 10 is particularly useful when it it implemented in such a way that forms may be produced directly at the use locations, or in a conventional manufacturing facility, depending upon the construction of that particular form, the extent of its distribution, the quantity of forms utilized, and the like.

In this description, the term "vendor" or "manufacturer" when utilized refers to the entity providing the forms automation system according to the invention, typically a conventional business forms manufacturer. The term "customer" or "user" refers to the vendor's customer, namely the organization that has a plurality of geographically remote use locations, and consumes the business forms (also encompassing multiple departments that are remote within the same building, for example).

The major objectives of the system 10 are to provide for the centralized design of business forms, the centralized management and distribution of electronic and pre-printed (paper) forms, the co-existence of the same form in both paper and electronic formats, and the flexibility to meet the user's requirements. The major components of the system 10 comprise computer means providing the central library facility (hereinafter denoted by the acronym "CLF") 12, and computer means providing the forms automation platform (hereinafter denoted by the acronym "FAP") 14. The CLF 12 is preferably located in one of the customer's facilities (e.g. the same facility that has the main frame computer 34). This also typically is one of the use locations. The FAP 14 may, under some circumstances, be located at a customer's facility, but more typically is located at one of the ven-

dor's facilities. In any case, the CLF 12 and FAP 14 provide for centralized design, management, and distribution of business forms. Appropriate conventional communications components are provided to inter-relate the CLF 12 and FAP 14, and to communicate with a variety of other stations.

In the schematic illustration in FIGURE 1, the end user station 15 comprises a plurality of geographically remote use locations, each of which may have a printer — such as a laser printer 16 — associated therewith. A computer, such as a PC, is provided at each of the use stations 15, as schematically illustrated in FIGURES 1 and 2, interfaced (two way communication) with the CLF 12. The PC and CLF may utilize IBM's OS/2 (version 1.2), or an equivalent multi-tasking operating system.

The CLF 12 may also control an internal electronic forms composition system 17 maintained by the organization having the geographically remote use locations 15, which may in turn control a high speed printing device, such as a high speed laser printer 18, or other non-impact printer. Both the CLF 12 and FAP 14 may also provide information to a standard business forms manufacturing facility, shown generally by reference numeral 19, for producing business forms. For example, the CLF 12 could access facility 19 through an external applications data base 28. Different types of manufacturing facilities encompassed by facility 19 may — for a large conventional business forms manufacturer such as Moore Business Forms, Inc. — include a traditional plant 20, a short run facility 21, an intelligent imaging facility 22, or other types of facilities 23. Also, the FAP 14 may control an internal print shop 24 at the FAP 14 location, for providing camera ready copy. The printing facilities 21, 23, and 24 deliver printed forms — as indicated by line 25 — to the use locations 15 via a motor vehicle or the like (e.g. a common carrier), while the traditional plant 20 supplies paper forms to the use locations 15 through a warehouse 26 run by the forms manufacturer, a contractor, or another. The imaging facilities 22 typically provide paper forms to the use locations 15 via mail or a courier service 27 or the like.

As illustrated schematically in FIGURE 2, the CLF 12 includes an internal applications data base 29 (and associated database access mechanisms), and includes as part of the preferred embodiment communication facilitating components thereof, such as a vendor supplied token ring (or other network adapter) 30 communicating with an (e.g. token ring) electronic data network 31. The applications data base 29 may have as its data model "SQL", a commercially available package, such as that sold by IBM with its OS/2 (version 1.2) system A conventional communications interface component 32, such as an IBM 3270 standard protocol interface, is also preferably provided, as is the communications protocol module 33. The CLF 12 may be provided on main frame computer 34 directly at a customer (user's) location, with a front end processor 35 – such as an IBM 3745/3720 – interconnected between the module 33 and the computer 34, and a front end processor 36 – e.g. an IBM 3745/3720 – connected between the main frame computer 34 and the token ring network 31.

The forms automation platform 14 includes a commercially available applications database 37 (such as that sold by Oracle Systems Corp under the trademark "Oracle"), with a component thereof 38 providing custom design of the forms. The forms design function is preferably accomplished utilizing a compatible commercially available primary design software package, such as Perform, sold by Delrina Technology, JETFORM, sold by Indigo, or MECCA III ("DOCS"), sold by Amgraph. A communications protocol module 39 is also utilized (such as an IBM SDLC), while the token ring adapter 40 is provided for optional communications over token ring network 31

One of the primary functions of the FAP 14 is to provide for the centralized design of business forms. It is the entry point into the system 10, and contains software that controls the execution of the other processes within the system 10. As earlier indicated, forms design packages are associated therewith, such as the DOCS, or PERFORM, packages. The forms may be designed elsewhere and downloaded to the FAP 14 prior to transmission to the CLF 12. The FAP 14 communicates with the CLF (preferably two way) by moderns 41, or a token ring, or networked protocols defined by the IEEE 802.5 or 802.2 standards. A terminal 43 (see FIGURE 4), including a display screen 44, and inputting means such as a keyboard 45 and/or mouse 46, are provided as a human interface to the FAP 14. Other technologies could also be utilized, such as scanners and digitalization apparatus.

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In addition to the forms design packages, the FAP 14 contains application software for a number of other functions. A file management function manages display (source) images for all released forms and forms that are scheduled for up-date/release. This software creates, maintains, up-dates and ensures the integrity of the display image library.

A user friendly interface function is provided by software that allows the operator to be queried for information regarding print formats and distribution profiles for each form. This information is logically associated with the display image within the file management system function so that whenever an electronic form is created or up-dated, it will have the necessary components. The forms administrator at the FAP 14 will obtain the following information for each electronic form created or up-dated: form identification; form description; form processing (e.g. new/update); the design software used to design the form; the release date; the security level; the distribution profile (user sites, output devices/sites, generic customer environment information); the paper

base production requirements (e.g. manufacturing facilities, or internal print shops for camera ready copy); and variable data field encoding.

The FAP 14 also converts the display images to appropriate print formats based upon the distribution profile specified for each form. This is typically done right in the forms design package 38 itself (e.g. in PERFORM). The operator inputs what printer formats the form is to be provided in, and the package 38 does the necessary formatting (either single or multiple). That is, if a form is to be distributed at a first location having a first printer with a first printer format, and to a second geographically remote user location, having a second printer with a second printer format (e.g. a different manufacturer for the second printer than the first printer), the display images must be converted to print formats for both the first and second printers. That is, the same electronic business form will exist in different formats. The print image files will be validated for existence, having been previously formatted based upon the customer profile, and downloaded to the CLF 12. The CLF 12 may effect distribution on a scheduled release date. Of course this is practiced with any number of printers.

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The system 10 may have any one of the following output formats: display image; encoded display image; print format; and production output. The display image format may require no conversion, and — for example — can be used to merely display the form on a screen (e.g. the screen 44 of the CLF 12). For the encoded display image format, the operator at the FAP 14 has encoded the variable data fields, and this format is used for merging variable data with the electronic form in a conventional manner via a batch process at the user site. This format, too, can be sent to a display terminal (e.g. 44). Print formats should be able to support output to post-script printers, as well as for printers for all other major manufacturers such as IBM, Hewlett Packard, Xerox, etc. The production output formats will support an output for a manufacturing production facility 19, via a PC to PC (eg DOCS to DOCS) transmission. This output may be used to produce camera ready copy. This will insure the most updated form at all times. It also will provide an output to control an internal print shop 24 for producing camera ready copy.

As earlier indicated, the FAP 14 communicates with the CLF 12 via modems 41, token ring 31, or the like. Print images and form profiles are transferred to the CLF 12, and update processing within the CLF 12 is scheduled. Display and print images for updated forms will be downloaded to the CLF 12, and appropriate file management functions, such as archiving, will be scheduled and performed.

Major components of the data flow diagram of FIGURE 7 include the FAP administrator software 86, form maintenance process 87, profile maintenance process 88, CLF administrative software 89, CLF update process 90, a report generation process 91, and the FAP utility process 92. FIGURE 8a illustrates a detail data flow diagram for the form maintenance process 87. FIGURE 8b illustrates a detail data flow diagram for the profile maintenance process 88 FIGURE 8c illustrates detail data flow diagram for the CLF update process 90. FIGURE 8d illustrates a detail data flow diagram for the report generation process 91; and FIGURE 8e illustrates a detail data flow diagram for the FAP utility process 92.

FIGURE 5 provides a schematic of a conventional host computer 34 and its interrelationship to other components in a typical configuration. The computer 34 may include applications software 49, a printer control 50, and a communications module 51. A printer 52, such as an IBM 3800, is controlled by the printer controller 50 software, e.g. JES AND AFP, both by IBM. Other printers 52, such as the Xerox 9700, of course may also be utilized. The communications module 51, such as an IBM SNA, is interconnected with a communications controller 53, such an an IBM 37XX FEP. A personal computer 54 may be interconnected to the controller 53 via a token ring or other link, and control a locally attached printer 16, or access other printers in the network. The controller 53 is connected through modems 55 to other PCs 54 (at sites 15). Controller 53 can communicate through the token ring 31 with the CLF 12 and FAP 14, or through modems 42 with the CLF 12. Communications may also be provided optionally through modems 56 with a cluster controller 57 — such as an IBM 3174/3274 — which in turn is interconnected with a communications interface (such as an IBM 3270) and a PC (such as a 3270 emulation PC). PC 58 may function as a print/file server to support multiple devices.

The controller 53 (typically located on host 34) will run a version of a network control program (e.g. OS/2 version 12 from IBM) that supports peer to peer networking. The PC 54 has a Moore Forms Print Server. Therefore, CLF 12 communicates directly with PC 54 through controller 53 automatically, without "bothering" host 34.

The major menu items provided to the user of the FAP 14 are provided on menu screens. The main menu will allow selection of the forms design program, updating the central library with selected forms, defining a form profile for a current form, defining form fields for a current form, customer profile information, CLF profile information, and a customer profile query. Many others may also be provided. Typical screens for each of these above specific menu items are as follows:

For forms design, a list of the design software defined for a particular customer will be displayed, e.g.:

		Form	Profile	Library	Reports	Utility	Exit
		Run Form D	esign Progra	n			
			•				
5		Enter Cust	oner ID: 3-	1234567-00000			
			n SW				
			ESIGN				
10			FORM				
		F3					
		-					
15		Char Mode	Replace	Page 3	Count:	3	
15				e d	ana dataa) ta ti	ne CI F 12:	
	For dov	vnloading in	formation (e.	g. forms and rele	ease dates) to ti	ie OLi 12.	
	Updat	e Exit					
20			y with Selec	ted Forms.			
	CLF ID:	BANKAVAR	CENTRAL	LIBRARY UPDATE			
	Select	Customer	ID	Form ID	Rev	Status	Dist Date
25		3-1234567	-00000	TINFORM	0	Completed	
		3-1234567	-00000	SIGDEMO	0	Completed	
		3-1234567	-00000	UMIVEILL	0	Completed	
					• 3		
30	Press (F	51 to return	to menu			(210)	
	To selec	t Form for L		e, enter '*'. To	save selections	, press iriui.	
		Char Mode:	Replace	Page 1	Count: 3		
35	_			nformation field, v	which is sent to	the CLF 12 and	verified there:
	Foren	coding a va	riable data ii	normation neit, v			
					1		
40							
₩.							
						•	
		•					
45							
	•						
50							
55							

	Profile	Query	Ext				
	Define Form Pr	ofile for	current	form.			
						FORM FIEL	
5	Field Name	7	IMFLD1		Seguence 1		ation 2x4in
	Field Type	. (CHAR	Length 1	3	Format***	****X
	Validation	1	NONE				
10	Calculation	1	NONE			• .	
	Field Name	•	TIMFLD2		-		ation 2x3in
	Field Type	ı	CHAR	Length	10	Format**	*****X
	Validation		NONE				
15	Calculation		NONE				
	Field Name		TIMELD3		Seguence :		cation 4x4in
	Field Type		DATE	Length	8	FormatM	4-DD-YY
20	Validation		NONE				
	Calculation		NONE				
25	Press IF51 to	o return i	to menu				
	Char Mode:	Repla	ce Pa	ige 2		Count:	3
30	For illustrating form profil	e informa	ition for a	form wh	nich has be	en create	d:
				,			
35							
40		•					
40							

			EP 0 40	11 704 MZ			
	Fields Define Form	Query Fields for co	Exit	FORM PROFILE INFORM	MOITA		
5	Form ID	3-1234567-0000 TINFORM O Form St C:\XYZBANX	Descr CUSTOMER		W/S2 C	ART.	
15	Form Width Form Length Orientation Form SM	h 11		FORM FILES: File Name TINFORM.IFD TINFORM.MDF TINFORM.PRT	PO EP EP	Type S C P	CLF ID CLF ID SAVANNAH SAVANNAH
20		By	Date				
25	Created Modified Released	FAP FAP	19-NOV-90 19-NOV-90				
30	Press IF5 Char Mode	to return to : Replace		Count: 1			
35			nputting data, e.g.	customer profiles, is	:		

Query Exit Move to guery screen CUSTOMER PROFILE INFORMATION 5 Cust ID 3-1234567-00000 Directory C:\CSBANK Phone Number (800) 800-8000 Cust Name XYZ BANK Fax Number (800) 800-8001 Contact S. Jones SHIPPING ADDRESS: CUSTOMER ADDRESS: 10 Addr 222 MAIN STREET 222 MAIN STREET Addr City SPRINGFIELD SPRINGFIELD City 15 State ME Zip 00001 Cntry USA State ME Zip 00001 Cntry USA Attn S. JONES Description EW/SW Name: 20 HW/SW JETFORM DESIGN V. 2.1 **JFDESIGN** HEWLETT-PACKARD LASERJET IID **EPLJIID** PERFORM V.2.1 PERFORM 25 Press [F5] to return to menu Count 1 30 Char Mode: Replace Page 1 An exemplary screen for inputting CLF profile information is:

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Exit Query Move to query screen CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY PROFILE INFORMATION 5 Customer ID CLF ID SPRINGFIELD 3-1234567-00000 Location XYZ BANK, SPRINGFIELD, ME IBH PS/2 MODEL 80,)S/2 V. 1.2 10 Description S. JONES Administrator Phone Number (800) 800-8000 Moden Number (800) 800-8002 15 Fax Number (800) 800-8001 Press IF51 to move to menu 20 Count 1 Char Hode: Replace Page 1 Exit Return to master record An exemplary customer profile query screen is: **30** · CUSTOMER PROFILE QUERY Cust ID 3-1234567-00000 35 Hardware/Software Type Name CLF ID SAVANNAE Ħ EPLJID **JFDESIGN** PERFORM

The data model diagram for FAP 14 is provided in FIGURE 6. The same conventions are utilized here and as in the CLF data model diagram of FIGURE 11. The connections in FIGURE 6 refer to the relationship between the two entities; i.e. two entities connected by an arrow with one arrow head at one end and a double arrow head at the other end are said to have a "one-to-many" relationship. In a relational database construct, this means that for each parent record in the first entity there may/shall exist many child records in the second entity A glossary of the individual tables of the FAP 14 illustrated in FIGURE 6 is as follows:

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FORMS AUTOMATION PLATFORM TABLES

_	DATA ENTITY NAME	<u>ALI AS</u>	Ref. #
5	ASSOCIATION INFO	CUSTOMER/CLF ASSOCIATION TABLE	76
	CLF PROFILE	CLF MASTER TABLE	77
	CUSTOMER PROFILE	CUSTOMER MASTER TABLE	78
10	DISTRIBUTION INFO	FORM DISTRIBUTION TABLE	79
	FIELD DESCRIPTIONS	FORM FIELD DEFINITION TABLE	80
	FORM FILENAMES	FORM DISTRIBUTION FILENAMES TABLE	81
_	FORM PROFILES	FORM MASTER TABLE	82
15	FORM SW & PRINTER INFO	FORMS SW/PRINTERS TABLE	83
	PRINTER IDENTIFIERS	FORM FILE PRINTER TYPES TABLE	84
	SYSTEM PARAMETER INFO	FAP SYSTEM PARAMETER TABLE	85

Each file typically has a number of elements, either of the number or character type, having predefined lengths. A listing of the elements, type (characters or numerical), field length, and description of the elements, for each of the tables 76-85 of FIGURE 6 is as follows:

25

20

Name: ASSOCIATION INFO; 76

ALIAS:

CLF_ID

CUST_ID

55

(8),

(15)

CHAR

CUSTOMER/CLF ASSOCIATION TABLE

30	ELEMENT NAME	COLUMN NAME	TYPE	LENGTH	DESCRIPTION	
		••••••				
	CLF ID	CLF_ID	CHAR	(8)	Uniquely identifies each Central Library Facility.	
	CUSTOMER IDS	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15)	Customer ID. Uniquely identifies each customer.	
35	PRIMARY KEY:					
	(CLF_ID, CUST_ID)					
	INDEXES:			•		
40	None defined.			,	<u>:</u>	
	RELATIONSHIP TO OT	HER TABLES:				
	DEPENDENT OF:					
	CUSTOMER MAST	ER TABLE - CUST	_MAST			
45	CLF HASTER TA	BLE - CLF_MAST				
	CREATED IN:					
	FAPDB.SQL script					
50	CREATE TABLE CLF_C	ust				

NAME: CLF PROFILE; 77 ALIAS: CLF MASTER TABLE 5 ELEMENT NAME COLUMN NAME TYPE LENGTH DESCRIPTION --------------CLF ID CLF-ID 10 CHAR (8) Uniquely identifies a Central Library Facility. CLF DESCRIPTION CLF_DESC CHAR (40) Description of the Central Library Facility environment. CLF LOCATION LOCATION CHAR (25) Description of the Central Library Facility Location. CLF ADMINISTRATOR ADMIN CHAR (30) Name of the CLF Administrator. 15 CLF PHONE NUMBER PEONE_NO CRAR (15) Phone number of the CLF location. CLF NOOEN NUMBER MODEM_NO CHAR (15) Modem phone number of the CLF location. CLF FAX NUMBER FAX_NO CHAR (15) Fax phone number of the CLF location. 20 PRIMARY KEY: (CLE-ID) INDEXES: None defined. 25 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TABLES: PARENT OF: CUSTOMER/CLF ASSOCIATION TABLE - CLF_CUST 30 CREATED IN: FAPDB.SQL script CREATE TABLE CFL_MAST (35 CLF_ID CHAR (8), CLF-DESC CHAR (40), LOCATION CHAR (25),

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ADMIN

PHONE_NO

HODEM_NO

FAX_NO

١:

CEAR

CHAR

CHAR

CHAR

(30),

(15),

(15),

(15)

NAME: CUSTOMER PROFILE; 78 ALIAS: CUSTOMER MASTER TABLE

	ELEMENT NAME	COLUMN NAME	TYPE	LENGTE	DESCRIPTION
	CUSTOMER ID	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15)	Customer Identifier. Uniquely identifies a customer.
10	CUSTONER NAME	CUST NAME	CHAR	(30)	Customer's full name.
	FORM PATENAME	FORM PATE	CHAR	(75)	Full Pathname on system where customer's forms are located
	NO OF REVISIONS	NO REVS	NUMBER	(1)	Number of revisions supported on the system for a customer
15	ADDRESS LINE 1	ADDR1	CHAR	(30)	Street address line 1.
	ADDRESS LINE 2	ADDR2	CRAR	(30)	Street address line 2.
	CITY	CITY	CHAR	(25)	City address line.
	STATE/PROVINCE	STATE	CHAR	(4)	State or province address line.
20	ZIP	ZIP	CHAR	(10)	Zip code address line.
	COUNTRY	COUNTRY	CHAR	(4)	Country address line.
	CONTACT NAME	CONTACT	CHAR	(30)	Name of customer contact person.
	PHONE NUMBER	PEONE_NO	CHAR	(15)	Phone number of customer.
25	FAX NUMBER	FAX_NO	CRAR	(15)	Fax phone number of customer.
	SHIPPING LINE 1	SHIP_ADDR1	CHAR	(30)	Shipping address line 1.
	SHIPPING LINE 2	SHIP_ADDR2	CHAR	(30)	Shipping address line 2.
30	SHIPPING CITY	SEIP_CITY	CHAR	(25)	Shipping city address line.
-	SHIPPING STATE/P	-	CHAR	(4)	Shipping state or province line.
	SHIPPING ZIP	SHIP_ZIP	CHAR	(10)	
	SHIPPING COUNTRY		Y CHAR	(4)	Shipping country address line.
35	SHIPPING ATTENT		CHAR	(30)	Name of person for ship-to attention.
	PRIMARY KEY:				·

(CUST_ID)

INDEXES:

None defined.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TABLES:

PARENT OF:

FORM SW & PRINTER INFO TABLE - CUST_MWSW 45

50

	ASSOCIATION INF	O TABLE - CLF_(UST
	FORM PROFILE TA	BLE - FORM_MAST	7
5	DEPENDENT OF:		
	CREATED IN:		
	FAPDB.SQL scrip	t	
	CREATE TABLE CU	ST_MAST	
10	(
	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15),
•	CUST_NAME	CHAR	(30),
15	FORM_PATH	CHAR	(75),
	NO_REVS	NUMBER	(1),
	ADDR1	CHAR	(30),
	ADDR2	CHAR	(30),
20	CITY .	CHAR	(25),
	STATE	CHAR	(4),
	ZIP	CHAR	(10),
25	COUNTRY	CHAR	(4),
	CONTACT	CHAR	(30),
	PHONE_NO	CHAR	(15),
	fax_no	CHAR	(15),
30	SHIP_ADDR1	CHAR	(30),
	SHIP_ADDR2	CHAR	(30),
	SHIP_CITY	CHAR	(25),
35	SEIP_STATE	CHAR	(4),
	SHIP_ZIP	CHAR	(10),
	SHIP_COUNTRY	CHAR	(4),
40	SHIP_ATTN	CHAR	(30),
40			

	NAME: DISTRIBUT	TION INFO; 79			•
5	ALIAS: FORM DIST	TRIBUTION TABLE			
•	ELENENT NAME	COLUMN NAME	TYPE	LENGTH	DESCRIPTION
•					this will identified a mistager.
10	CUSTOMER ID	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15)	Customer Identifier. Uniquely identifies a customer.
	CLF ID .	CLF_ID	CHYK	(8)	Uniquely identifies a Central Library Facility.
	VENDOR FORM ID	FORM_ID	CHAR	(8)	Uniquely identifies a form for a customer.
	VENDOR FORM REV	FORM_REV	NUMBER	(1)	'Uniquely identifies a revision of a form for a customer.
15	DIST INDICATOR	DIST_FLAG	CHAR	(1)	Indicates whether or not a form has been selected for distribution to a CLF. Indicates the distribution status of the form.
	DIST STATUS	DIST_STATUS	CHAR	(1)	Date of distribution to a CLF.
	DIST DATE	DIST_DATE	DATE		Name of the header file for the form.
20	READER FILENAME	HDR_FILE	CHAR	(12)	Name of the header file for the form. Name of the packed distribution file for the form.
	DIST FILENAME	DIST_FILE	CHAR	(12)	Name of the packen distribution fire for the 200m.
25	PRIMARY KEY: (CUST_ID CLF_ID, INDEXES:	FORM_ID, FORM_	REV)		
	None defined. RELATIONSHIP_TO	OFFER TARLES.			
30		OTHER TABBLES			
	None CREATED IN:				
	FAPDB.SQL script	:			
35	CREATE TABLE DIS	ST_INFO			•
	(
	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15),		
40	CLF_ID	CHAR	(8),		
	FORM_ID	CHAR	(8),		
	FORM_REV	NUMBER	Œ,		
	DIST_FLAG	CHAR	(1),		
45	DIST_STATUS	CHAR	(1),		
	•				

50

DIST_DATE

DATE,

```
EDR_FILE
                             CHAR
                                            (12),
                                             (12)
          DIST_FILE
                             CHAR
5
           );
                    FIELD DESCRIPTION; 80
           NAME:
10
                     FORM FIELD DEFINITION TABLE
           ALIAS:
                                                     LENGTH
                                                              DESCRIPTION
                                             TYPE
                              COLUMN NAME
           ELEMENT NAME
                              -----
           -----
15
                                                             . Customer ID. Uniquely identifies a customer.
                                                     (15)
                              CUST_ID
                                             CHAR
           CUSTOMER ID
                                                              Uniquely identifies a form for a customer.
                                                     (8)
                              FORM_ID
                                             CHAR
           FORM ID
                                                              Uniquely identifies a revision of a form.
                                             NUMBER
                                                    (1)
                              FORM_REV
           FORM REV
                                                              Form field number or tabbing order.
           FORM FIELD NUMBER FLD_NO
                                             NUMBER
                                                     (3)
20
                                                              Form field name.
                                                     (20)
           FORM FIELD NAME
                              FLD_NAME
                                             CHAR
                                                              Form field coordinate location.
                                                     (20)
                                             CHAR
           FORM FIELD LOC
                              FLD_LCC
                                                              Form field length.
                                             NUMBER
                                                     (5)
           FORM FIELD LENGTE FLD_LEN
25
                                                              Form field data type.
           FORM FIELD TYPE
                              FLD_TYPE
                                             CHAR
                                                     (10)
                                                              Form field data format.
                                                     (30)
           FORM FIELD FORMAT FLD_FORMAT
                                             CHAR
                                                              Form field validation.
                                                     (50)
                                             CHAR
           FORM FIELD VAL
                               FLD_VAL
                                                              Form field calculation.
                                                      (80)
                                             CHAR
           FORM FIELD CALC
                               FLD_CALC
 30
           PRIMARY KEY:
            (CUST_ID, FORM_ID, FORM_REV)
 35
            INDEXES:
            None defined.
            RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TABLES:
 40
                 DEPENDENT OF:
            FORM PROFILE TABLE - FORM_MAST
            CREATED IN:
            PAPDB.SQL script
  45
            CREATE TABLE FORM_FLDS
            (
  50
```

	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15),		·
	FORM_ID	CHAR	(8),		
	FORM_REV	NUMBER	(1),		
5	fld_no	NUMBER	(3),		
	PLD_NAME	CHAR	(20),		
	FLD_LOC	CHAR	(20),		
10	FLD-LEN	NUMBER	(5),		
	FLD_TYPE	CHAR	(10),		
	FLD-FORMAT	CHAR	(30),		
	FLD_VAL	CHAR	(50),		• ;
15	FLD_CALC	CHAR	(80)		:
):				·
20					
	NAME: FORM FI	LENAMES; 81			
	ALIAS: FORM DI	STRIBUTION FILE	NAMES		
25					•
	ELEMENT NAME	COLUMN NAME	TYPE	LENGTH	DESCRIPTION
	CUSTOMER ID	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15)	Customer ID. Uniquely identifies a customer.
30	FORM ID	FORM_ID	CHAR	(8)	Uniquely identifies a form for a customer.
	FORM REV	FORM_REV	NUMBER	(1)	Uniquely identifies a form revision for a form.
	CLF ID	CLF_ID	CHAR	(8)	Uniquely identifies a Central Library Facility

(12)

(])

(2)

CHAR

CHAR

CHAR

40 PRIMARY KEY:

(CUST_ID, FORM_ID, FORM_REV, CLF_ID)

FILE_NAME

FILE_TYPE

INDEXES:

FORM FILE NAME

FORM FILE TYPE

None defined.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TABLES:

FORM PRINTER TYPE FILE_EXT

DEPENDENT OF:

50

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Form filename including file extension.

Type of printer form is designed for.

Form file type.

```
FORM PROFILE - FORM_MAST TABLE
         CREATED IN:
         FAPDB.SQL script
5
         CREATE TABLE FORM_FILES
         (
         CUST_ID
                            CHAR
                                           (15),
10
         FORM_ID
                            CHAR
                                           (8),
         FORM_REV
                            NUMBER
                                           (1),
         CLF_ID
                            CHAR
                                           (8),
         FILE_NAME
                            CHAR
                                           (12),
15
         FILE_TYPE
                            CHAR
                                           (1),
         FILE_EXT
                            CEAR
                                           (2)
         );
20
         NAME:
                   FORM PROFILE; 82
         ALIAS:
                   PORH MASTER TABLE
25
         ELEMENT NAME
                            COLUMN NAME
                                          TYPE
                                                   LENGTH
                                                           DESCRIPTION
         ------
         CUSTOMER ID
                            CUST_ID
                                           CHAR
                                                   (15)
                                                           Customer ID. Uniquely identifies a customer.
         FORM ID
                            FORM_ID
 30
                                           CHAR
                                                   (8)
                                                            Uniquely identifies a form for a customer.
         FORM REV
                            FORM_REV
                                           NUMBER
                                                  (1)
                                                            Uniquely identifies a revision of a form.
         FORM DESCRIPTION
                           FORM_DESC
                                           CHAR
                                                   (40)
                                                            Description of form.
                            FORM_CAT
         FORM CATEGORY
                                           CHAR
                                                   (10)
                                                           Category that form belongs to. NOT USED.
         FORM SUB CATEGORY FORM_SUB
                                                   (10)
                                                            Sub category that form belongs to within category. NOT
                                           CHAR
         FORM PATENAME
                            FORM_PATE
                                           CHAR
                                                   (75)
                                                           Full pathname of directory where form is stored. .
         FORM DESIGN SW
                            FORM SW
                                           CHAR
                                                   (8)
                                                            Executable name of form design software used.
         FORM DESIGN STATUS FORM_STATUS
                                           CHAR
                                                   (1)
                                                            Design status of the form.
        RELEASE STATUS
                            REL_STATUS
                                           CHAR
                                                   (1)
                                                            Release status of the form.
         FORM WIDTH
                            PORM_MOTH
                                           NUMBER (4, 2)
                                                           Width of form.
        FORM LENGTE
                            FORM_LEN
                                           NUMBER (4, 2)
                                                           Length of form
        NUMBER OF PAGES
                            NO_PAGES
                                           NUMBER (3)
                                                           Number of pages in the form.
        NUMBER OF PARTS
                            NO_PARTS
                                           NUMBER (3)
                                                           Number of parts to the form.
```

50

	DUPLEX INDICATOR	DUPLEX	CHAR	(1)	Indicator of whether or not the form is to be printed duplem.
	PAGE ORIENTATION	PG_ORIENT	CHAR	(9)	Page orientation of the form.
5	FORM CREATION DATE	CREATE_DATE	DATE		System date on which form was created.
	CREATOR NAME	CREATE_NAME	CRAR	(10)	Name of person who created form.
	FORM MODIF DATE	MOD_DATE	DATE		System date on which form was last modified.
	HODIFIER NAME	HOO_NAME	CHAR	(10)	Name of person who last modified form.
10	PORN RELEASE DATE	REL_DATE	DATE		System date on which form was last released.
	RELEASOR NAME	REL_NAME	CHAR	(10)	Name of person who last released form.
15	PRIMARY KEY:				$\Phi_{T_{ij}}$
13	(CUST_ID, FORM_ID,	FORM_REV)			
	INDEXES:				•
	None defined.				
20					· ·
	RELATIONSHIP TO OT	HER TABLES:			
	PARENT OF:				
25	FORM FILENAL	ES TABLE - FOR	M_FILES		
25	FIELD DESCR	IPTIONS TABLE -	FORM_FLI	DS	
	DEPENDENT OF	<u>!</u>			
	CUSTOMER MA	STER TABLE - CU	ST-MAST		
30	CREATED IN:				
	FAPDB.SQL script				
	CREATE TABLE FORM	_MAST			
	(
35	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15),		
	FORM_ID	CHAR	(8),		•
	FORM_REV	NUMBER	_(I),		
40	FORM_DESC	CHAR	(40),		
	FORM_CAT	CHAR	(10),		
	FORM_SUS	CHAR	(10),		
	PORM_PATH	CHAR	(75),		
45	FORM_SW	CHAR	(8),		
	FORM_STATUS	CHAR	(I),		

	REL_STATUS	CHAR	a),		
	FORM_MOTE	NUMBER	(4, 2),		
5	FORM_LEN	NUMBER	(4, 2),		
	NO_PAGES	NUMBER	(3),		
	NO_PARTS	NUMBER	(3),		
	DUPLEX	CEAR	(1),		
10	PG_ORIENT	CEAR	(9),		
	CREATE_DATE	DATE,			
	CREATE_NAME	CHAR	(10),		
15	MOD_DATE	DATE,			
	MOD_NAME	CHAR	(10),		• .
	REL_DATE	DATE,			
	REL_NAME	CHAR	(10)		
20);				
	NAME: FORMS SW/	PRINTERS; 83			
25	ALIAS: FORMS SW/	PRINTERS TABLE			•
	ELEKENT NAME	COLUMN NAME	TYPE	LENGTR	DESCRIPTION
30					
	CUSTOMER ID	CUST_ID	CHAR	(15)	Customer 1D. Uniquely identifies a customer.
	EW/SW INDICATOR	HWSW_TYPE	CHAR	(1)	Indicates whether entry is hardware (printer) or software
	EW/SW NAME	BYSY_NAME	CHAR	(8)	Executable or invokable name of hardware of software.
35	EN/SW DESCRIPTION	EWSW_DESC	CHAR	(40)	Description of hardware or software.

PRIMARY KEY:

(CLF_ID, CUST_ID)

INDEXES:

None defined.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TABLES:

45 DEPENDENT OF:

CUSTOMER MASTER TABLE - CUST_MAST

50

```
CREATED IN:
            FAPOB.SQL script
            CREATE TABLE CUST_NWSH
5
                               CHAR
                                              (15),
            CUST_ID
                                              (1),
            HWSW_TYPE
                                CHAR
                                CHAR
                                               (8),
             HWSW_NAME
10
                                               (40)
             HWSW_DESC
                                CHAR
             );
15
                      PRINTER IDENTIFIERS; 84
             NAME:
                      PRINTER TYPE TABLE
             ALIAS:
                                                               DESCRIPTION
                                                       LENGTE
             ELEMENT NAME
                                COLUMN NAME
                                               TYPE
20
                                               ----
                                                                Form software executable name.
                                               CHAR
                                                       (8)
                                FORM_SW
             FORM SW NAME
                                                                Form software file type.
                                                       (1)
                                FILE_TYPE
                                               CHAR
             FORM FILE TYPE
                                                                Printer type supported in form software.
 25
                                FILE_EXT
                                               CHAR
                                                       (2)
             PRINTER TYPE
             PRIMARY KEY:
              (FORM_SW)
 30
             INDEXES:
             None defined.
              RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER TABLES:
 35
                   PARENT OF:
                   FORM FILENAMES TABLE - FORM_FILES
                   DEPENDENT OF:
              CREATED IN:
              FAPDB.SQL script
              CREATE TABLE FILE_EXT
              (
  45
                                                 (8),
              FORM_SW
                                 CHAR
              FILE_TYPE
                                  CEAR
                                                 (1),
```

55

5	FILE_EXT	CHAR	(2)		
10		ARAMETER INFO; EM PARAMETER TA			
	ELEMENT NAME	COLUMN NAME	TYPE	LENGTR	DESCRIPTION
15	FAP ID FAP DESCRIPTION FAP LOCATION	FAP_ID FAP_DESC FAP_LOC	CHAR CHAR	(8) (40) (20)	Uniquely identifies a Forms Automation Platform. Description of the Forms Automation Platform environment. Location for Forms Automation Platform.
20	FAP ADMINISTRATOR FAP PHONE NUMBER FAP MODEM NUMBER FAP FAX NUMBER	ADMIN PHONE_NO MODEN_NO FAX_NO	CHAR CHAR CHAR	(30) (15) (15) (15)	Name of the Forms Automation Platform Administrator. Forms Automation Platform location phone number. Forms Automation Platform modem phone number. Forms Automation Platform fax phone number.
25	NUMBER OF REVS	NO_REVS	NUMBER	(1)	Number of form revisions supported on a Forms Automation Platform.
30	PRIMARY KEY: (FAP_ID) INDEXES: None defined.				
35	RELATIONSHIP TO OT Hone CREATED IN: FAPDB.SQL script				
40	CREATE TABLE SYS_F		40)		
45	FAP_ID FAP_DESC FAP_LOC ADMIN PHOME_NO	CEAR CEAR CEAR CEAR CEAR	(8), (40), (20), (30), (15),		

HODEN_NO	CHAR	(15),
ENX_NO	CHAR	(15),
NO_REVS	NUMBER	(1)
);		

10

5

FIGURE 7 is a data flow diagram for the FAP 14. Utility, report generation, archiving, form maintenance, profile maintenance, and CLF 12 updating functions are provided, as illustrated in FIGURE 7. The interrelationships between the various components as shown in FIGURE 7 are more fully indicated by FIGURES 8a-8e.

FIGURE 9 provides a flow chart indicating the general steps executed by FAP 14 for accessing the CLF 12 from the FAP to transfer form information. The program is initiated from a command file, as indicated at 100 A session with a target CLF 12 is allocated. This step is indicated since typically a vendor's FAP 14 can be associated with more than one CLF 12, for example a centralized location for the FAP 14 may serve a number of CLFs 12, one associated with each different customer (each customer having a plurality of geographically remote user stations). At 102, the files indicated for transfer are transferred from the FAP 14 to the targeted CLF 12, and confirmation is provided at 13. Then the remote CLF table population function is initiated at 104, and when that function is completed it is confirmed at 105. Data may then be sent to and from the CLF 12 from and to the FAP 14 at 106, for example data useful for determining the status of the forms. An acknowledgement is issued at 107, and any post completion processing done at 108 before the processing ends.

As illustrated in FIGURE 10, the CLF 12 preferably communicates via modems 41 with the FAP 14, or token ring if located in the same facility, and via modems 42 with the host computer 34. In order to provide human interface, a terminal 143 having a video display 144 and a keyboard 145 and/or mouse 146, is provided associated with the CLF 12. Other technologies could also be utilized, such as optical disks, and the like, to store the forms on either magnetic or optical media.

As illustrated schematically in FIGURE 3, major functions of the CLF 12 are forms management and distribution. The application software 29 creates, maintains, up-dates and ensures the integrity of the database 29 provided by CLF 12. The CLF 12 also processes end user requests inputted by device 143 (e.g. via the various electronic communications facilities already discussed), and distributes electronic forms to all of the user locations 15. Inherent in the CLF 12 is restricted user access based on security levels, the production of desired reports to support the customer's requirements, sorting of the contents of the library based upon user specified parameters, and up-dated processing. At the CLF a search will be conducted of the electronic forms database 29 on a predetermined basis, to determine all forms scheduled for release on a specified date. The forms will then be distributed based upon the end user profiles which have been designated. The CLF 12 is a logical entity, and its processes may be distributed over one or more processors, either directly on the customer's main frame 34, or at the vendor's facility, utilizing a file server, or the like.

User interface software executed by CLF 12 is menu driven in the preferred embodiment. The major menu items provided to the user of the CLF 12 main menu screen utilizing terminal 143 are forms, profile management, distribution management, release function, queries and report, and utilities A typical main menu screen is as follows:

45

50

	CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY
	MAIN MENU
5	Enter the Capital Letter of the Item Below and
	Press Enter->
	Forms management
10	Profile management
	Distribution management
	Release function
	Queries and reports
15	Utilities
	F3=EXIT
20	The state of the s
	The first item of selection is "Forms management". The Forms management menu typically appears as follows:
	lows:
	CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY
25	FORMS MANAGEMENT MENU
	Enter the Capital Letter of the Item Below and
	Press Enter->
30	List/delete/update forms
	Field information list
	Output format list
	Print form
35	F2=REFRESH F3=EXIT
	EZ-REFRESH ES-BM11
40	The first selectable item from the Forms management menu is the forms list. A forms list screen, showing
	descriptions and other information of a few exemplary forms might appear as follows:
45	
50	

CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY FORMS LIST Type a P in the action column to print and press PF4. 5 Release Creation Revision Forms Description Date Date Date Action Form Id Status CUSTOMER ADDRESS & TI CUR __ CSADRTIN 10 DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATI CUR CSDEMOGR SIGNATURE CARD CUR _ CSSGNCRD UNIVERSAL FORM CUR CSUNIVER 15 F3-EXIT F4-QUEUE PRINT 20

The last of the selectable items in the Forms management menu is the forms print selection, the screen for which might appear as follows:

	CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY PRINT FORMS						
30				•			
	Enter	number of copies and	destination for	r each form	More:	•	
35	FORM ID CSSGNCRD	FORM DESCRIPTION SIGNATURE CARD	NUMBER COPIES	PRINTER ID	SITE 10	CANCEL PRINT N	
40	PF3-EXIT	PF4-PROCESS REQUEST	PF8-NEXT FOR	H ,			
							

By filling information into the prompt sections of this screen, an operator of CLF terminal 43 can schedule printing of a desired number of copies of specific forms to a desired printer at a desired use location.

The second menu item in the main menu is the profile management option. The typical profile management menu screen appears as follows:

50

45

CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY PROFILE MANAGEMENT MENU

Enter the Capital Letter of the Item Below and Press Enter->

User profile
Category profile
Site profile
corporate profile
Geographic profile
cusTomer profile
grOup profile
Printer profile

20 F2=REFRESH F3=EXIT

The first selectable item of the profile management menu is the user profile, a screen of which appears as follows:

USER PROFILE

Update/Delete: Type "U" and/or "D" in ACTION column and press "ENTER" Add: Press F4; Associations: Type an "S" i ACTION column and press F6 30 ***** LOCK OUT ***** ACT USER USER NAME CORP GEO. ID ID · ID FLAG DATE TIME TON Ton Y 12-10-1990 10:10:10 CLA 111 Cristie DLY Donna FEA Fran JOE 111 , 232 Joe Julie JZA SAM SAM

DOO2 **** END OF OUTPUT ****

F2-REFRESH F3-EXIT F4-ADD

If F4 is actuated from the above screen, then the following screen appears:

55

50

10

USER PROFILE ADD

Enter Data in all fields -- THEN press "ENTER"

5	User ID:	Us	er Name:		
	Corporate ID:				
	Geographic ID.:				
	Telephone No:	Distribution Tic	kler Flag Amin. fla	J	
10	*************	*****************Lock Out Dat	a****************	*******	
	Lock Out Date:	Lock Out Time:	Lock Ou	: Flag.:_	
			• ;		
15	version 0.1				
	.ekF2=REFRESH F3-EX	KIT			
	The third selectable i	tem from the profile manage	ment menu is the site ;	profile. The site profil	e screei
20	appears as follows:		•		
		CENTRA	L LIBRARY FACILITY		
			SITE PROFILE		
25					
	Customer ID	: 2-4561686-0000	0		
	Custoner Na	me: State Bank			
30					
	Site ID	Site Description	Geographic ID	Network ID	
	FLA001	Tampa Banking Dept	TPACO1	FLATPA01	
35	GE0001	Atlanta Branch	ATLOO1	GEOATLO1	
	NYC002	New York Branch	NYCOO1	NYNYCO2	
	CH1003	Chicago Branch	CH1001	ILCHIO1	
	SCA001	South Carolina Office	CAEOO1	SCACABO1	
40	PF3-EXIT		•		

The sixth menu item on the profile management menu screen is the customer profile. When that menu item is selected, the customer profile screen typically appears as follows:

50

CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY CUSTOMER PROFILE Customer ID: 2-4561686-00000 Customer Name: State Bank Address: The American Road 10 Atlanta GA 30123 Contact Name: Don Jones 15 Phone Number: 800-321-1234 PF3=EXIT 20 The Group profile of groups list item provides the following exemplary screen:

25				GROUPS LIST	
	UPDATE/DEL	ETE: Type U a	nd/or D in ac	tion column and press Enter. A	DD: Press F4;
	ASSOCIATIO	N: Type an S	in action col	umn and press F6.	
	Action	Group ID	Seq. #	Group Description	
30	-	G1	1	Test 1	
	•	G2	1	Test 2	
	-	G2	2	Test 3	
35	-	G3	1	Test 4	
	-	G3	2	Test 5	
	-	G3	3	Test 6	
	-	GRP101	1	New Group Added	
40	-	MRC001	1	First MRC Group	
	D002 *1	END OF	OUTPUT	1000	
	F3-EXIT	E4-ADD E6	-ASSOCIATION	S F12=CANCEL	

If F4 is actuated from the above screen, then the following exemplary screen appears.

50

45

ADD DISTRIBUTION GROUP

	Type in entries for the distri	bution group and press <enter> to add.</enter>
5	Group Id	· ·
	Sequence Number .	• •
10	Group Description	• •
	F3-EXIT	F12=Cancel
15	If F6 is actuated from the Groups list scr	reen, then the following appears:
		ASSOCIATION MENU
20	Type the Id of a base item and pr selection listing of the base ite	ress (Enter), OR type an "S" and press (Enter) for a
	Base Item Id	Association Items
25	_FORM	
	_GROUP ID	SITES
	SEQ. NUMBER	_
	_USER	sites
30	_SITE	USERS ' PRINTERS
		_GROUPS
	_PRINTER	sites
35		
	F3-Exit	P12-Cancel
٠.		
40	Upon insertion of a particular group ID screen appears:) from the groups list screen (e.g. "G1"), the following exemplary
45		
50		
55		

				_			
	_		_	SITES ASSOC	HTIW CETAI	A GROUP	
	Group	p ID: G1	SBQ: 1	DESC: TE	ST 1		
5	ADD:	Press F4	; DELETE: Type a	a "D" in acti	on column a	nd press (Enter).	
	ACT	SITE	DESCRIPTION	CORP	ŒO.	HODEM TELEPHONE	NET
		ID		ID	ID		ID
10	_	KANSAS	KANSAS				
	_	S1					
	_	SIT101	NEW SITE ADDED				
		WISC	WISCONSIN				
15							
	0002	****	END OF OUTP	Л ****			
		P3-EXIT	F4-ADD		F12-C	ANCEL	
20							
				than the fell	owing ever	nnlarv screen annea	ers, to support data entr
to a	If F4 is actual et sites asso	ated from t aciated wit	the above screen th a group:	i, then the ion	Owing exen	iipiai y aci con appea	irs, to support data entr
wg	0.0.00 000		= • •				
25					471876 W.		
	9a .d.	4 : b b		DD SITES ASSO			
-			the association		ne or nore	"S" in MORE:	•
30			nn and press (En		aro.	HOODY FOI PRIORE	NO.
	ACT	SITB ID	DESCRIPTION	CORP	GEO.	MODEN TELEPHONE	NET
	_	ALA	ALABAKA	ID	ID		ID
	-	CALIF	CALIFORNIA		• 1		
35	-	COTO	COLORADO				COLNET
	-	FLA	FLORIDA				
	-	KANSAS	KANSAS				FLANET
40	-						
	-	MASS	MASSACHUSETTS				
	-	MICH	MICHIGAN			FFF (0.0) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	
	-	MINN	MINNESOTA			555432100000000	
45	-	\$1 					
•	-	\$2					
	-	23					
50	-	SIT101	NEW SITE ADDED	12-1-90			
-						•	
	F3-EXI	T·		F8=	EWD	F12=CANC	et.

The last selectable item on the profile management menu is the printer profile option. When the printer profile option is selected, the screen that typically appears is as follows:

CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY

PRINTER PROFILE

		PRINTER	PROFILE
	Customer ID:	2-4561686	-00000
5	Customer Name:	State Ban	k
	Printer ID Pr:	inter Type	Printer Manufacturer Name
10	01	PS	Adobe PostScript
	02 -	HP	Hewlett Packard LaserJet
	03	AF	IBM 3800 Printers
	04	AF	IBM:4019 Printer
15	05	MF	XEROX 9700 Printer
	PF3=EXIT		
20		_	v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v
. 1	The third selectable item on ted, the screen that typically app	the main menu is the pears is as follows:	distribution management function. If that function is selec-
25			
25	+	CENTRAL LI	BRARY FACILITY
		DISTRI	BUTION MENU
	Enter the	Capital Le	tter of the Item Below and
30	Press Enter->		
		New form	distribution cycle
		Add form	distribution
35		Delete fo	rm distribution
	FS=REFRESH	F3=EXIT	
			the release function. If that function is selected, the screen
40	The fourth selectable item of that typically would appear is a	on the main menu is s follows:	the release function. If that is not the second of the sec
		CENTRAL	LIBRARY FACILITY
		RELE	ASE FORMS MENU
45	Enter	the Capital	Letter of the Item Below
	Press Enter	_	
		Releas	e forms to site
50		Automa	tic release
		releas	e From remote site
	F2=REFRESH	F3=EXI	r
55			

The first selectable item on the release forms menu is to release the form to desired sites. If that item is selected, the typical screen that would appear is as follows:

CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY RELEASE TO SITES 5 Do you wish to release New/revised forms (N) or All forms (A)? Enter Selection here (N, A) > ___ Also select one of the choices below: 10 ___Release All Forms to All Sites ___Release All Forms for Specific Site(s) 15 _Release Specific Forms(s) to All Sites Release Specific Form(s) to Specific Sites F2=Refresh F3=Exit 20 The above provides a description for the major screens that appear in the implementation of the CLF 12

The above provides a description for the major screens that appear in the implementation of the CLF 12 functions, although other screens are provided too, for example customer specific screens depending upon what queries and reports are desired, and conventional utilities functions.

FIGURE 11 is a data model diagram for the CLF 12. The individual components illustrated in FIGURE 11 are individual files which have particular elements or records therein in predefined fields and with predefined addresses. The bare essentials of the system are contained within the dotted lines, but the other files are also important for ultimate maximum utilization. The connections in FIGURE 11 refer to the relationship between the two entities; i.e. two entities connected by an arrow with one arrow head at one end and a double arrow head at the other end are said to have a "one-to-many" relationship. In a relational database construct, this means that for each parent record in the first entity there may/shall exist many child records in the second entity. In the preferred embodiment, the various files have the following major elements:

The customer profile file 150 contains all relevant information about the customer. The configuration of that file is as follow:

35

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	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	Len	DEFINITION
	CLE Customer ID]	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.
	Country Indicator	CP_MBF_CTRY_ID	E	001	Country indicator for the customer ID.
	Customer ID	CP_MBP_ID	E	015	Corporate identifier for a customer.
	Customer Name	CP-NME	£	030	Name of customer.
	ADDR1	CP_ADR_1	Ε	030	Street address one.
	ADDR2	CP_ADR_2	E	030	Street address two.
	City	CP_CTY	E	030	
	State Prov	CP_STE	E	004	State or province abbreviation.
	Zip	CP_ZIP	E	010	The customer's zip code (U.S.) or postal code.
	Country	CP_CTRY	E	004	Name of country in which the customer is located.
	Hum Versions	CP_NBR_ARC	E	001	Number of archived form versions to keep.
	Contact Name	CP_CTC	E	030	Name of the contact person at the customer location.
	Contact Phone	CP_CTC_TEL	E	015	Phone number of the customer contact person.
	Customer Status	CP_STA_CDE	E	001	Current CLF customer status 'D' - deleted 'A' - Activ
	Customer Status Date		8	008	Date of status change for customer
	CLF ID	CP_CLF_ID	E	010	A unique identifier for each customer's CLP
	Num Levels	CP_NBR_LVL	Ē	001	
	Level Name 1	CP_CORP_LVL_1	E	015	The number of corporate organization levels to be use
	Level Name 2	CP_CORP_LVL_2	E	015	First name for corporate level definition
	Level Name 3	CP_CORP_LVL_3	E	015	Second name for corporate level definition
	Key Data:		-	0.0	Third name for corporate level definition
	Primary Rey (CLF Custo	omer ID)			
	Indexes:				
	Nane	On Columns	Type of	Mork	
	••••		17pc 01	MULK	
	Cusida	CLF Customer ID	Dringm		ian William
	Relationship to Other		tttuary,	nacess	ing, onique
		Form Profile			
		Category Profile			
		Printer Profile			
,		Corporate Prof	ile		
		Geographic Pro			
		User Profile			
		Site Profile			

As many corporate level definitions may be provided as is necessary in order to meet the customer's needs.

The corporate profile provides a file 151 for the customer to charge back the forms to various entities within the organization. This file typically has the same number of levels as the number of levels for the corporate level definition in the customer profile file 150. An exemplary corporate profile file 151 is as follows:

5					
	TABLE NAME: CORPO	RATE PROFILE AL	IAS: CO		
	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELS.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION
	**************				*********
10	CLF Customer ID		1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.
	Corporate ID		2	006	Code for each different corporate profile for a customer
	Level 1		3	020	Righest level in corporate organization.
15	Level 2		E	020	Second highest level in corporate organization.
	Level 3		E	020	Third highest level in corporate organization.
	Key Data:	•			. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Primary Key (CLF Cu	stomer ID, Corporat	e ID)	•	·
20	Foreign Key FK_CORP	A (CLF Customer ID)			
		References Custo	mer Profi	le	
		on Delete Cascad	e;		
25	Indexes:				
25	Name	On Columns	Type of	Index	
	CORPIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primary,	Ascend	ling, Unique
30		Corporate ID			•
	Relationship to Othe	er Tables:			
	Parent of: Use	er Profile Thru CLF	Customer	ID, Cor	corate ID
		ite Profile Thru CL			
35		Customer Profile Th			

The geographic profile file 152 has data for the various geographically remote user locations, such as branches, offices, etc. A typical geographical profile file 152 is configured as follows:

39

50

	TABLE NAME:	GEOGRAPH!	IC PR	OFILE	ALIAS:	GP			
5	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION				
•				•••					
	CLF Customer ID		1	006	Uniquely identifies e				
	Geographic ID		2	006	Unique Code for each	different geographic profile used			
10	SHSA-Code		E	003					
	Country Name		E	004	Name of Country (Into	ernational Code).			
	Region Name		E	020	Name of Region.				
	State/Province Name		E	004	Name of State or Pro	vince.			
15	State Region Name		E	020 .	Name of Region withi	n a State or Province.			
	City Name		E	030	Name of City.				
	City Region Name		E	030	Name of Region withi	n City.			
	Building/Branch ID		E	015	Code to Identify a B	wilding or Branch.			
20	Floor Humber		E	003	Number of the Floor	in the Building.			
	Key Data:								
25	Primary Key (CLF Customer ID, Geographic ID)								
	Foreign Key FK_GEOA (CLF Customer ID)								
	References Customer Profile								
	on Dele	te Cascade;							
30	INDEXES:								
	Nane	On Columns	Type o	of Index					
	DEOIDX	CLF CUSTOMER ID	ER ID PRIMARY, ASCENDING, UNIQUE						
35		GEOGRAPHIC ID							
	Relationship to oth	er Tables:				•			

The security table 153 limits access to the various files in the data model of FIGURE 11 to ensure that only people with the appropriate responsibility can command the system to perform important functions. The typical configuration of the security table 153 is as follows:

Parent of: User Profile Thru CLF Customer ID, Geographic ID

Dependent of: Customer Profile Thru CLF Customer ID

Site Profile Thru CLF Customer ID, Geographic ID

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40

	TABLE NAME:	SECURITY		ALIAS	: SE
	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION
5	,,				•••••
	CLF Customer ID		1	006 .	Uniquely identifies each customer.
	User ID		2	006	The Logon ID associated with each CLF user.
40	Password		3	006	The Password associated with each user ID.
10	Security Funct		E	001	The Authority to maintain the security table.
	Prof Mgmt Funct		E	001	The Authority to maintain profile tables.
	Form Mgmt Funct		E	001	The Authority to maintain the central forms library.
15	Dist Funct		E	001	The Authority to control form distribution to end sites
	Release Funct		E	001	The Authority to release forms to the end user site.
	Report Funct		E	001	The Ability to produce reports.
	Security Level		E	001	Defines the level of authority for each user.
20	Distribution Tickler	Flag	E	001	Flag to indicate if new forms have arrived in the system.

<u>Key Data:</u>

Primary Key (CLF Customer ID, User ID, Password)

Foreign Key FK_Sea (CLF Customer ID, User ID)

References User Profile

On Delete Cascade;

indexes:

Name On Columns Type of Work

---SBIDX CLF Customer ID Primary, Ascending, Unique
User ID
Password

Relationship to Other Tables:

Dependent of: User Profile Thru CLF Customer ID, User ID

40

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The user profile file 154 describes the end user, and it is interrelated with the security table 153 A typical configuration of the user profile file 154 is as follows:

45

50

	TABLE NAME: USER PROFILE				ALIAS: UP					
5	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION					
-										
	CLF Customer ID		1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.					
	User ID		2	006	The Logon ID associated with each CLF user.					
10	User Name		Б	030 ,	Name of User.					
	User Phone		E	015	Telephone number of user.					
	Lock Out Flag		E	001	Indicator which allows or prevents a user from signing on.					
	Lock Out Date		E	002	Date a user's ID is locked due to invalid access attempts.					
	Lock Out Time		E	800	Time a user's ID is locked due to invalid access attempts.					
	Corporate ID		E	006	Code for each different corporate profile for a customer.					
20	Geographic ID		E	006	Unique code for each different geographic profile used.					
	Distribution Tickler	r Flag	E	001	Flag to indicate new forms have arrived in the database.					
	Key Data:									
25	Primary Key (CLF Customer ID, User ID)									
	Foreign Key PK_USER	Foreign Key FK_USERA (CLF Customer ID, Corporate ID)								
	Referen	ces Corporate Pro	file							
	On Dele	te Restrict;								
30	Foreign Key FK_USER	B (CLF Customer I	D, Geogra	aphic ID)						
	Referen	ces Geographic Pr	ofile							
	On Dele	te Restrict;								
	Foreign Rey FK_USER	C (CLF Customer 1	D)							
35	Referen	ces Customer Prof	ile							

On Delete Restrict;

	Indexes:		
	Name	On Columns	Type of Index
_		*******	
5	USERIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primary, Ascending, Unique
		User ID	
	USERIDXA	CLF Customer ID	Ascending
10		Corporate ID	
	USERIDXB	CLF Customer ID	Ascending
		Geographic ID	
40	Relationship to Oth	er Tables:	• :
15	Parent of: Us	er/Site Thru CLF Cu	stoner ID, Site
		Security Thru CLF C	ustomer ID, User ID
	Dependent of:	Customer Profile t	hru CLF Customer ID
20		Corporate Profil	e thru CLF Customer ID, Corporate ID
		Geographic Profi	le thru CLF Customer ID, Geographic ID
25	is provided for each user location.	. Typically hardware e user locations wh	raphic and corporate profiles. A file in the site profile 155 e, such as a printer 16 and/or a PC (e.g. 94, at 15), is pro- ich correspond to the files in the site profile 155. A typical
30			
35			
40			
• •			

	TABLE NAME:	SITE PRO	FILE	F	ALIAS: ST						
5	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION						
				•••							
	CLF Customer ID	ST_CLF_CUS_ID	1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.						
	Site ID	ST_SITE_ID	2	006	Identifier to uniquely identify a site for a customer						
10	Site Description	ST_DESCRIPTION	E	030	Description of site						
	Corporate ID	ST_CORP_ID	Ē	006	Code for each different corporate profile for a customer						
	Geographic ID	ST_GEO_ID	E	006	Unique code for each different geographic profile used						
15	Moden Phone	ST_HOOEM_TEL	E	015	The phone number to be dialed for communications.						
	Network ID	ST_NETWORK_ID	• E	004	The physical communication identifier						
	Data Type	ST_CHR_TYP	E	001	Code to indicate if the site is ASCII or EBCIDIC data type						
20	Key Data:										
20	Primary Key (CLF Cus	tomer ID, Site ID)									
	Foreign Key FK_SITEA	Py FK_SITEA (CLF Customer ID)									
	References Customer Profile										
25	On Delete Restrict;										
	Foreign Key FK_SITEB (CLF Customer ID, Corporate ID)										
	References Corporate Profile										
		On Delete Restrict;									
30	•	y FK_SITEC (CLF Customer ID, Geographic ID)									
	References Geographic Profile										
	On Delet	e Restrict;									
35	Indexes:		_								
	Hane	On Columns	••	of Work	· ·						
					adias Paigns						
	SITEIDX	CLF Customer ID	Prima	ry, Asce	moing, unique						
40		Site ID	1	A Hop							
	SITEIDXA	CLF Customer ID	Ascen	Ascending							
		Corporate ID									
45	SITEIDXB	CLF Customer ID	No CEL	luing							
45	B. 1. 62 62 A- AL	Geographic ID									
	Relationship to Oth		le thro	CLF Cust	tomer ID, Site ID						
	Parent of:	OSEL/SILE LIGHT	is cire	ANT ARRE	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100						

Site/Printer Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Site ID Site/Group Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Site ID

Dependent of:

Customer Profile thru CLF Customer ID

Corporate Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Corporate ID
Geographic Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Geographic ID

10

5

Interrelated with the user profile 154 and the site profile 155 is the user/site data file 156. This relates a user to a site; a user can only access forms and perform functions as they relate to their accelerated site. A typical configuration of element 156 is as follows:

15

20	TABLE NAME:	SITE/USER OB TABLE ELE.	DATA KEY	LEN	ALIAS: SU DEFINITION
20	CLF Customer ID		1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.
	Site ID		2	006	Identifier to uniquely identify a site for a customer
	User ID		3	006	The Logon ID associated with each CLF user.
25	Key Data:				
	Primary Key (CLF Cus	tomer ID, Site ID,	User ID)		
	Foreign Key FK_SUA (CLF Customer ID, Us	er ID)		
	Referenc	es User Profile			

30

On Delete Cascade;

Poreign Key FK_SUB (Clf Customer ID, Site ID)

References Site Profile

On Delete Cascade;

35

Indexes:

Name	On Columns	Type of Index
	****	*
SUIDX	CLF Customer ID	Prinary, Ascending, Unique
	Site ID	
	User 10	
SUIDXA	CLF Customer ID	Ascending
	User ID	
SUIDXB	CLF Customer ID	Ascending
	Site ID	

Relationship to Other Tables:

<u>Dependent of:</u> User Profile thru CLF Customer ID, User ID

Site Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Site ID

55

45

The group profile file 157 relates to groups of forms. A group is a particular combination of electronic forms, i.e. a segmentation scheme for the forms, grouped for the purpose of distribution to sites or different organizations. A typical configuration of the group profile file 157 is as follows:

	TABLE NAME:	GROUP PRO	erre.	,						
	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY		ALIAS:	GR				
_				LEN	DEFINITION					
5		67 4: P 4:10 :-			**********					
	CLF Customer ID	GR_CLF_CUS_ID	1	006	Uniquely id	dentifies each customer.				
	Group ID	GR_GRP_ID	2	006	Code to un	iquely identify the distribution group.				
10	Group Sequence Number	GR_GRP_SEQ_NBR	3	003	Sequence nu	umber to control level within a group.				
10	Group Description	GR-GRP_DSC	E	030	Description	of the distribution group.				
	Key Data:					• •				
	Primary Key (CLF Cust	omer ID, Group ID,	Group S	equence	Number)					
15	Foreign Key FK_GRPA (CLF Customer ID)									
	References Customer Profile									
	On Delete	Cascade;								
	Indexes:									
20	Nane	On Columns	Type of	Index						
	GRPIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primary	. Ascend	ing, Unique					
		Group ID		,	,,					
25		Group Sequence Nu	nhar							
	Relationship to Other Tables:									
			T 0	T D /	•					
30						oup Sequence Number				
		Group/Form thru CLF Customer ID, Group ID, Group Sequence Mumber								
	Dependent of:	Customer Profile t	hru CLF	Customer	r ID					
35	Interfacing betwee	n the site profile 1	55 and th	ne group	profile 157	is the site/group data file 158. This assigns				
				are dist	ributed to th	ne sites they are associated with A typica				
	configuration of the file	I I DO IS AS TOTOWS	•							
40										

_	TABLE NAME: ELEMENT/RECORD	SITE/GROUP OB TABLE ELE.	P DAT.	A Len	ALIAS:	SG				
5	CLF Customer ID	SG_CLF_CUS-ID	1	006	Uniquely ident	cifies each customer.				
	Site ID	SG_SITE_ID	2	006		uniquely identify a site for a custome:				
	Group ID	SG_GRP_ID	3	006		uniquely identify the distribution group				
10	Group Sequence Number	SG_GRP_SEQ_NBR	4	003	-	er to control level within a group				
	Key Data:				•					
	Primary Key (CLF Cust	omer ID, Site ID,	Group ID	, Group	Sequence Number	•)				
15	Foreign Key FK_SGA (CLF Customer ID, Site ID)									
	References Site Profile									
	On Delete Cascade;									
	Foreign Key FK_SGB (C	LF Customer ID, Ši	te ID)							
20	Reference	s Group Profile								
•	On Delete	Cascade;								
	Indexes:									
25	Name	On Columns	Type of							
20		•••••				·				
	SGIDX	CLF Customer ID Primary, Ascending, Unique								
		Site ID								
30		Group ID								
		Group Sequence Nu								
	SCIDXA	CLF Customer ID	Ascendi	ng						
	eathub	Site ID								
35	SCIDXB		Ascendi	ng						
		Group ID Group Sequence Nu	-hau			•				
	Relationship to Other	• •	noe i							
40	Dependent of:	Site Profile thru	CLF Cns	tomer II	. Site ID	•				
	pepedaene of:				•	roup Sequence Number				
					-, see-p, v.					

The printer profile file 159 has information regarding the model and manufacture of each of the printers that will be controlled by the computers of the system 10. The typical configuration of the printer profile file 159 is as follows:

50

	TABLE NAME:	PRINTER PI	PROFILE		ALIAS:	PP					
	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION						
5	CLF Customer ID	PP_CLF_CUS_ID		006	Uniquely iden	ntifies each customer.					
	Printer ID	PP_PTR_ID	2	006		mely identify each printer.					
	Printer Type	PP_PTR_TYP	E	002	•	er type (see list below).					
	Printer Type Descrip		E	015	-	of the printer and printer type					
10	Printer MFR Name	PP_PTR_MFR_NME	-	020	-	er manufacturer					
	Key Data:		_	-	or press	NAT HAMAZOOGI OL					
	Primary Rey (CLF Cus	stomer ID. Printer I	D)								
15	Foreign Rey FK_PTRA (CLF Customer ID)										
	References Customer Profile										
	On Delet	te Cascade;									
20	Indexes:										
20	Nane	On Columns	Туре о	f Index							
	PTRIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primar	y, Ascem	ding, Unique						
25		Printer ID									
	Relationship to Othe	Relationship to Other Tables:									
	Parent of: Site/Printer Thru CLF Customer ID, Printer ID										
30	Dependent of:										
	Printer Type Codes:										
		Code	Descri	ption							
		HP.	HP PCL								
35		H5	HP · PCL	5							
		AF	AFP								
	·	MF	META F	ILE							
40		DT	DOT HA	TRIX							
		XC	XICS								
		PS	POSTSC	RIPT	•						
		DC	DOT MA	TRIX COLO)R						

Interrelated with the site profile file 155 and the printer profile file 159 is the site/printer data file 160. Some forms will be printed at the user sites, while other forms will be printed by the vendor. The site/printer data file 160 is utilized only for those forms which will be printed by the user at the user's locations, which printers (e.g. 16) may have different printer formats. A typical configuration of the site/printer data file 160 is as follows:

55

	TABLE NAME:	SITE/PRII	NTER KEY		ALIAS:	SP			
5		טט זאסטט בטב.	NG1	LEN	DEFINITION				
	CLF Customer ID	SP_CLF_CUS_ID	1	006	Uniquely identifies	each customer			
	Site ID	SP_SITE_ID	2	006	Identifier to unique	ely identify a site for a customer			
10	Printer ID	SP_PTR_ID	3	006		ely identify a printer			
10	Printer Type	SP-PTR-TYP	4	002	Code of printer type profile)	e (see list below under printer			
	Key Data:								
	Primary Key (CLF Cust			Type) '	:				
15	Foreign Key FK_SPA (C		te (D)						
		s Site Profile							
	On Delete Cascade;								
20	Foreign Key FK-SPB (CLF Customer ID, Printer ID) References Printer Profile								
	On Delete Cascade:								
	Indexes:								
	Name	On Columns	Type of	Finday					
25		************	.,pc 0.						
	SPIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primary	/. Ascend	ing, Unique				
		Site ID							
30		Printer ID							
	SPIDXA	CLF Customer ID	Ascend	ing					
		Site ID		•					
	SPIDXB	CLF Customer ID	Ascendi	ing					
35		Printer ID				•			
	Relationship to Other	Tables:				•			
	Parent of:	Distribution Prof	ile thru	CLF Cust	tomer ID, Site ID, Pr	inter ID			
40	Dependent of:	Printer Profile t	hru CLF	Customer	ID, Printer ID	•• •			
	Site Profile Thru CLF Customer ID, Site ID								

The distribution data file 161 is interrelated to the site/printer data file 160 and the form profile data file 162.

The typical configuration of the distribution data file 161 is as follows:

50

	TABLE NAME:	DISTRIBUTIO	N PR	OFILE	ALIAS: DP				
	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION				
5									
	CLF Customer ID	DP_CLF_CUS_ID	1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer				
	FORM 1D	DP_ERM_ID	2	008 .	Code to uniquely identify a form for a customer				
	SITE ID	DP_SIT_10	3	006	Identifier to uniquely identify a site for a customer				
10	Printer Type	DP_PTR_TYPE	4	002	Code of printer type (see list on printer profile)				
	Printer ID	DP_PTR_IO	5	005	Code to uniquely identify a printer				
	Release Code	SP_RLS_CDE	E	001	Code to indicate release action (see list below)				
15	Kmit Date	DP_XMIT-DTE	E	800	Date the form was transmitted (released) to the site				
	Key Data:								
	Primary Rey (CLF Cus	tomer ID, Form ID,	Site ID	, Printer	(ID)				
	Foreign Key FK_DPA (CLF Customer ID, Fo	ra ID)						
20	Referenc	es Form Profile							
	on Delete Cascade;								
	Foreign Key FK_DPB (CLF Customer ID, Si	ite ID,	Printer 1	D, Printer Type)				
	References Site/Printer Data								
25	On Delete Cascade:								
	Indexes:								
	Name	On Columns	Type o	of Index					
30	••••				•				
30	XDIAC	CLF Customer ID	Primar	y, Ascen	ding, Unique				
	•	Form ID							
		Site ID							
35		Printer ID							
	DPIDXA	CLF Customer ID	Ascend	ding					
		Form ID							
	DPIDXB	CLF Customer ID	Ascend	ding					
40		Site ID							

Deinten Sun	
Printer Type	
DPIDXC CLF Customer ID Ascending	
5 Printer Type	
Relationship to Other Tables:	
Dependent of: Site/Printer Data thru CLF Customer ID, Site ID, Prin	ter ID
10 Form Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Form ID	
Release Codes:	
<u>Code</u> <u>Description</u>	
O Form is current	
15 l Form is new to distribution	
2 Forms has been revised	
9 Form is inactive (logically deleted)

The form profile data file 162 has stored therein the elements of each form and characteristics of the form, e.g. descriptive information. Typically, a number of electronic forms will be stored therein that are identical except for printer formatting since it is necessary to be able to print the same form on a number of different types of printers. The necessary elements for recordation of each form include a unique identifier, a description of the form, the name of the software package (e.g. DOCS) used to design the form, a code to indicate whether the form is new or revised, when the form was created and/or last revised, when the form is to be released and/or the previous release dates, the number of parts to the form, the code to identify whether it has a land-scape or portrait orientation, the length of the form, and the width of the form. A typical configuration of the form profile data file 162 is as follows:

5	TABLE NAME:	FORM PROFI		! Len	ALIAS: FP DEFINITION		
	*********	**********	•		***********		
	CLF Customer ID	FP_CLF_CUS_ID	1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.		
	Form ID	FP_FORM_ID	2	008	Code to uniquely identify a form for a customer.		
10	Form Sub ID	FP_FRM_SUB_ID	3	003	Code to uniquely identify each revision of the for		
	Customer Catalog Number	FP_CUS_CAT_NBR	3	015	Customers number to identify the form.		
	Form Description	FP-Description	E	030	Description of form.		
	Form Design Software	FP_Design_SFW	E	010	Software package used to design the form.		
15	Form Status Code	FP_STA_CDE	E	2001	Code to indicate that the form is new or revised.		
	Form Creation Date	FP_CRE-DATE	E	010	Date form was created (from FAP).		
	Form Revision Date	FP_REV_DATE	E	010	Date form was last revised (from FAP).		
20	Form Release Date	FP_RLS_DATE	E	010	Date the form is to be released to users.		
20	Prior Release Date	FP_OLD_RLS_DTE	E	010	Date of the previous release date		
	Category ID	FP_CTG_ID	E	010	Code of form category to which a form is assigned		
	FAP ID	FP_FAP_ID	E	010	Unique identifier of the FAP that created the form.		
25	PAP Phone Modem Number	FP_FAP_TEL_MODEN	E	015	Telephone number of the FAP nodem.		
	Number of Parts	FP_NBR_PRT	E	003	Number of parts to the form.		
	Forms Orientation	FP_ORT	E	001	Code to identify landscape (L) or portrait (P) mode.		
	Length of Form	FP_LEN	E	800	Length of the form.		
30	Width of the Form	FP_WID	E	800	Width of the form.		
	Rey Data:						
	Primary Key (CLF Custome	r ID, Form ID, For	n Sub	ID)			
	Foreign Key FK_FPA (CLF)						
35	References Co	ustomer Profile					
	On Delete Car	scade;					
	Foreign Key FK_FPB (CLF (Customer ID, Catego	ory ID)			
40		tegory Profile	•				
	On Delete Set Wull;						
	Indexes:						
	Name On	Columns Typ	e of 1	ndex			
45		-/-					
	. FPIDX CLF	Customer ID Pri	nary,	Ascend	ing, Unique		

Form ID

Form Sub ID

FPIDXA

CLF Customer ID Ascending

Category ID

Relationship to Other Tables:

Parent of:

Distribution Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Form ID

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Form Output Format thru CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Form Sub ID

Form Field Information thru CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Sub ID

Dependent of:

Customer Profile thru CLF Customer ID

Category Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Category ID

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The category table file 163 is utilized to indicate the form category to which a particular form has been assigned. A typical configuration of the category table 163 is as follows:

20 TABLE NAME: CATEGORY TABLE ALIAS: CT KEY LEN DEFINITION ELEMENT/RECORD DB TABLE ELE. 006 Uniquely identifies each customer. CT_CLF_CUS_ID 1 25 CLF Customer ID Code of form category to which a form is assigned. Category ID CT_CTG_ID 010

Description of form category. Category Description CT_CTG_DSC 030

Key Data:

Primary Key (CLF Customer ID, Category ID)

Foreign Key (FK_CTA (CLF Customer ID)

References Customer Profile

on Delete Restrict;

Indexes:

Type of Index On Columns Nane -----------

CTIDX

CLF Customer ID Primary, Ascending, Unique

Category ID

Relationship to Other Tables:

Parent of:

Form Profile thru Category ID

Dependent of:

Customer Profile thru CLF Customer ID

Also interrelated with the form profile data file 162 are the usage statistics file 164, the form field information file 165, and the form output format file 166. A typical configuration of the usage statistics file 164 is as follows:

	TABLE NAME:	USAGE STAT	risti	cs	ALIAS: STAT
	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION
5			•••		**********
	CLF Customer ID		E	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.
	Form ID		E	008	Code to uniquely identify a form for a customer.
	Form Sub ID		E	002	Code to uniquely identify each revision of the form.
10	User ID		E	006	The logon ID associated with each CLF user.
	Printer Type		E	002	Code of printer type (HP-PCL, Postscript, etc.).
	Site ID		E	006	Identifier to uniquely identify a site for a custome
	Date Used		E	002	Date the form was used
15	Time Used		Ε	002	Time the form was used
	Number of Copies		E	002	The number of copies printed at user site.

20 A typical configuration of the form field information file 165 used for form fill capabilities is as follows:

	NAME: FORM	FIELD INFO	RMATIC	N	ALIAS: FF			
	BLEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION			
5					**********			
	CLF Customer ID		1	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.			
	Form ID		2	800	Code to uniquely identify a form for a customer.			
10	Form SUB ID		3	003	Code to uniquely identify each revision of the form			
	Field Number		4	003	Sequential number of fields within a form.			
	Field Name		E	020	Name of the field			
	Data Description		E	040	Concise description of data used in this field			
15	Field Length		E	002	Describes the length of the field			
	Pield Format		Ε	005	Describes the field format.			
	Field Type		E	001	Defines the field type. I.E. Numeric			
	Field Location		E	040	The location of the data in the users file			
20	Key Data:							
	Primary Key (CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Form Sub ID, Field Mumber)							
	Foreign Key FK_FF (CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Form Sub ID)							
25	References Form Profile							
	on Delei	te Cascade;						
	Indexes:							
	Nane	On Columns	Type of	Index				
30								
	FFIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primary	, Ascen	ding, Unique			
		Form ID						
		Form Sub ID						
35								

Relationship to Other Tables:

Dependent of: Form Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Form Sub ID

Pield Number

40

A typical configuration of the form output format file 166 provides how the form is to be printed — the various print formats available. It is as follows (note that the output format of each form may be "source", "print ready" (and various versions), or "compiled"):

50

	NAME: FORM	OUTPUT FOR	TAN	AL	LIAS: FO
5	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	Len	DEFINITION
		•••••			*******
	CLF Customer ID	FO_CLF_CUS_ID	1	900	Uniquely identifies each customer.
	Form ID	FO_FORM_ID	2	800	Code to uniquely identify a form for a customer.
10	Form Sub ID	FO_FRM_SUB_ID	3	002	Code to uniquely identify each revision of the form
	Output Format Type	FO_FRMT_TYP	4	001	Code that describes from type S-Source C-Compile P-Print Ready
	Printer Type	FO_PTR_TYP	5	002	Code of printer type (HP-PCL, Postscript, etc.).
15	Form Format File ID	FO_FILE_NAME	E	012	File ID where form format data is stored, DOS 8.3 Format.
	Compression Indicator	FO_COMPRESS_IND	E	001	Code to tell if the form is compressed. Y-Yes N-No
	Key Data:				

Primary Key (CLF Customer 1D, Form ID, Form Sub 1S, Output Format Type, Printer Type)

20 Foreign Key FK_FOA (CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Form Sub ID)

References Form Profile

On Delete Cascade:

	Indexes	:
25		

	Name	On Columns	Type of Index					
	FOIDX	CLF Customer ID	Primary, Ascending, Unique					
30		Form ID						
		Form Sub ID						
		Output Format Typ	pe					
		Printer Type						

Relationship to Other Tables:

Dependent of: Form Profile thru CLF Customer ID, Form ID, Form Sub ID

The security interface for all of the files is provided through menu file 167. A typical configuration of the file 167 is as follows:

45

50

	NAME:	MENU	ALIAS:	MENU		
	ELEMENT/RECO	ORD	DB TABLE BLE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION
5						
	Security Lev	/el		1	000	Defines the level of authority for each user.
	Program ID					
	Program Name	:			• :	
10	Program Desc	;			•	
	Screen Loc					
	Trans ID					
15	Key Data:					
	Primary Key	(CLF Custo	mer ID, ????)			
	Foreign Key	CATA (CLF	Customer ID)			
		References	Customer Profi	le		
20		On Delete	Cascade;			

Where desired, as a dependent of the group profile file 157, a group/form file may be provided associates forms to a group. The group/form file is illustrated at 169 in FIGURE 12. A typical configuration of the group/form file, if utilized, is as follows:

	NAME: GROUP/	FORM	ALIAS:	GF			
5	ELEMENT/RECORD	DB TABLE ELE.	KEY	LEN	DEFINITION		
5							
	CLF Customer ID		1 .	006	Uniquely identifies each customer.		
	Group ID		2	006	Code to uniquely identify the distribution group.		
10	Group Sequence Number	•	3	003	Sequence number to control level within a group		
	Form ID	4	800	Code to uniquely identify a form for a customer.			
	Key Data:						
	Primary Key (CLF Cust	comer ID, Group	ID, Group S	equence	Number, Form ID)		
15	Foreign Key FK_GFA (C	LF Customer ID,	Group ID,	Group Se	equence Humber)		
	Reference	es Group Profile					
	On Delete	Cascade;					
20	Indexes:						
20	Name	On Columns	Type of	Index			
		· · · · · · · · ·					
	GPIDX	CLF Customer I	D Primary	, Ascend	ling, Unique		
25		Group ID					
		Group Sequence	Number				
		Form ID					
30	GEIDXA	CLF Customer I	D Ascendi	ng	•		
30		Group ID					
		Group Sequence	: Number				
	GFIDXB	CLF Customer I	D Ascendi	ng			
35		Porm ID					
	Relationship to Other	Tables:					
	Dependent of:	Group Profile	thro CLF Co	stoner 1	D, Group 1D, Group Sequence Number		

After selection of the appropriate form and other information, the form is printed and(or displayed, as indicated schematically at 168 in FIGURE 11.

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FIGURE 12 contains the same basic information as FIGURE 11, but shows the data base relationships for referential integrity purposes, and is self-explanatory.

FIGURES 13a through 13i provide a detailed structure chart which shows the program-defined menu structure for the CLF 12. The interrelationship between the individual figures are specifically illustrated thereon, and the relationships between the various elements are self-explanatory from FIGURES 13a through 13i. Elements 190 are elaborated upon in FIGURE 14.

FIGURE 14 illustrates the general flow for the release of forms from the CLF 12 to the end user sites 15 (190 in FIGURE 13a). At 201, the CLF software periodically (e.g every weekday) polls the distribution profile for forms in the computer hosting the CLF to release electronic forms based upon release date (that is, if the release date has now been reached). At 202, the forms available for release are gathered. At 203, the communications software is alerted, and the forms are passed in as an input. At 204, the forms are transferred using the telecommunications infrastructure in place to the sites 15 (e.g. the PCs 154 thereat), as defined by the distribution profile. At 205, the receiving site communication software (e.g. OS/2, version 1.2) receives the forms. At 206, upon receipt of the forms, the applications software is alerted for processing of the transmission. The forms are preferably initially stored on disk. Ultimately, at 207, the applications software may direct the electronic forms to be printed at a printer (e.g. 16), to produce a paper form.

FIGURE 15 indicates the general flow for sending a form to one of the geographically remote user locations from the CLF 12. At 210 the program is initiated from the CLF 12 applications file 29. A session with the desired remote station or stations (locations) is allocated at 211, and all requested files are sent at 212. Confirmation that the files have been sent is provided at 213. Any data to be received from the remote location is received at 214, and receipt acknowledged at 215, before the program ends.

FIGURE 16 illustrates the general flow chart for sending a print request from CLF 12 to a remote user location having a printer, e.g. 16, for actually printing the form that was sent according to 210-213. The program is started from the CLF 12 applications software 29 at 217, a session is allocated with the remote location at 218, the print request is sent at 219 to the corresponding software at the remote location, and is confirmed at 220 before the program ends.

It will thus be seen that according to the present invention a system and method have been provided for eliminating or minimizing warehousing, inventory, and obsolescence costs that a customer typically incurs in association with preprinted paper forms. Forms distribution costs are minimized, and the number of preprinted forms can be greatly minimized (for example the number of forms can be dropped from 20,000 to 5,000 in conventional operations). Centralized control is provided for electronic forms design, and the co-existence of a form in electronic and paper media is provided. Labor savings are achieved by eliminating redundant entry and processing of information by providing a centralized system, and where a customer desires, off load processing may be provided from the customer's main frame computer 34 to the vendor's computer (e.g. location of the FAP 14). Based upon geographic location, volume requirements, form construction (e.g. number of parts, MCP, etc.), and equipment profiles, exactly how paper forms will be constructed and delivered to end user sites 15 will be determined.

The system as described above has numerous special applications, and it is impossible within the scope of a patent application to designate all possible uses of the system for particular functions and businesses. However a rough and general description of one particular implementation may serve to illustrate the versatility and functionality of the invention.

A FAP 14 is provided at the vendor's facility, and is used to design electronic and preprinted forms, to control variable data fields for the electronic forms, and to control and directly communicate with the CLF 12 located on the customer's premises. Upon release of new forms or update of existing forms, the CLF populates the forms library containing appropriate form images and updates the appropriate tables with and control information. This file is sent to a software distribution resource in a main frame computer at a centralized location, which is central to a number of geographically remote user locations which it will service. Preferably, a main frame computer utilizes the customer environment; although the forms could be stored in the customer's main frame, if desired. At the scheduled release dates, either automatically, or by operator control or verification at the centralized location, the CLF will effect distribution of the electronic forms to a file server residing in each of the geographically remote user locations.

The forms automation system 10 in this particular example is used to automate the ultimate customer interview process that occurs when new accounts are established at a banking institution, or changes are made to existing accounts. The exact detail of the processing performed during the customer (bank's) interview will determine the forms which are to be printed. For example opening of checking accounts, time deposit accounts, and savings accounts will generate different forms that are ultimately printed. In addition to printing the electronic forms, the forms automation system 10 according to the invention will produce a check list of all forms printed as a result of specific activity on an account, and all forms required to document an interview will be printed immediately at the completion of the interview process so that the bank's customer will have — before he or she leaves the bank — a paper form. Three to five bank customer interviews can take place concurrently and the common data for each will automatically be transferred from one electronic form to the other.

ARGO Bankpro software is downstream of the CLF 12, as an end user interface. The customer data is transferred to the main frame through platform automation support software (PASS), a commercially available system, and at the main frame the data is stored in a CIS software package, provided by Hogan.

The file server in each bank remote user site is networked to other devices in that location, for example by an IBM Lan 1.2. A laser printer will be located in each remote site, such as an HP LASERJET, to provide actual printing at the user location. Different printers can be provided at different locations since the forms creation software at the FAP 14 will format each individual electronic form in whatever formats are necessary to properly print with the various printers at the user locations at which the printers are located JF MERGE software, from the same manufacturer as the JETFORM forms design package, will reside on the file server, and will be provided to produce the forms, which will be printed as soon as the transaction is completed.

During processing, the customer will store the variable data to be added to the form at a generic data base. At the completion of the transaction/end bank customer interview, the forms automation software will be invoked. Variable data will be extracted from the generic data base and an Ascii file created, which will be used

to input to the form merge software (e.g. JF MERGE). The forms required to verify the transaction will be printed, and a check list form to make sure that all necessary steps have been completed will also be printed.

While the implementation described above is practiced with only a few (e.g. five) different forms, it may be expanded to encompass literally thousands of different forms.

While the invention has been described in connection with what is presently considered to be the most practical and preferred embodiment, it is to be understood that the invention is not to be limited to the disclosed embodiment, but on the contrary, is intended to cover various modifications and equivalent arrangements and methods included within the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

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Claims

1 A system for production of business forms, comprising:

first computer means comprising a forms automation platform means; for establishing each of a plurality of business forms in electronic format; for determining print format information for said forms; and for converting said electronic format to appropriate print formats based upon said distribution profile information and print format information, to design a business form in electronic format;

second computer means at each of a plurality of end user sites, including means for inputting variable information, if any, to be contained in the business forms to be produced;

third computer means comprising a central library means: for processing requests for distribution to effect electronic distribution of forms; and for providing information about print formats and distribution profiles to said second computer means, said means including a display and an inputting means for inputting commands regarding the specific business form or forms requested; and communication means for providing communication between said forms automation platform means and said central library means, and between said central library means and said end user sites.

- 2 A system according to claim 1 comprising printing means controlled by one or more of said computer means for printing out paper business forms.
 - 3 A system for automating business forms creation, management, and production, comprising: printing means;

first computer means, including a business forms automation platform means, comprising: means for designing customer business forms; means for managing display images for existing business forms in electronic format; and means for converting display images into appropriate print formats;

second computer means including a central library means comprising an electronic data base of print images for a plurality of different business forms, and of distribution location information for each of said forms; and means for managing said print images;

means associated with said computer means for controlling said printing means so that said printing means will print business forms in response to print images from said second computer means; and

means for providing two way communication between said first and second computer means; said system optionally further comprising third computer means at end user locations remote from said first and second computer means, and means for providing two way communication between said second and third computer means for transmission of data — including electronic business forms — and instructions.

- 4 A method of electronically developing, producing, managing and distributing a plurality of different business forms for an entity having a plurality of geographically remote use locations with different needs for different business forms, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) at a centralized location, storing the plurality of business forms in electronic format including print images;
 - (b) based on geographic location, volume requirements, form construction, and equipment profile, determining which of the geographically remote use locations will be provided with business forms, and storing that information at said centralized location; and
 - (c) through electronic scheduling or in response to commands input at said centralized location, automatically distributing forms from the centralized location to the geographically remote use locations for that particular form, according to the determinations provided in step (b); said method optionally comprising the further step (d) of providing for electronic storage of the forms at decentralized locations, and subsequent processing; said subsequent processing for example comprising selecting either data entry and production using electronic imaging or traditional production, as determined in step (b).
 - 5 A method of handling business forms, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) creating a plurality of business forms in electronic format using a plurality of different business form creating computer programs;

- (b) maintaining the business forms created in step (a) in a display image format to which variables may be added for variable image data;
- (c) converting the display of form image format for each of a plurality of forms to desired printer formats (eg by utilizing the business form creating computer programs themselves);
- (d) simultaneously transmitting the printer formats to each of a plurality of compatible printers; and
- (e) printing out the forms on the compatible printers.

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- 6 A method providing a user of a plurality of different business forms at a plurality of geographically remote locations with the business forms in an efficient manner, and without the necessity of warehousing preprinted paper forms, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing the business forms in electronic format at a centralized location;
 - (b) producing the business forms in paper form at geographic locations proximate each of the geographically remote use locations in response to an electronic order generated by a centralized or remote command: and
 - (c) delivering the business forms in paper form to each of the geographically remote use locations after production thereof; said steps (b) and (c) optionally being practised simultaneously at at least one of the geographically remote use locations.
- 7 A method of distributing business forms to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing in electronic format in a computer a plurality of different business forms;
 - (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic business forms;
 - (c) periodically polling (for example once every weekday) the computer to locate applicable date commands; and
 - (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), automatically distributing the electronic business forms to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands.
- 8 A method of distributing electronic images to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing a plurality of different electronic images;
 - (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic images;
 - (c) periodically polling (for example once every weekday) the computer to locate applicable date commands; and
 - (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), automatically distributing the electronic images to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands.
- 9 A method of distributing business forms to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing in electronic format in a computer a plurality of different business forms;
 - (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic business forms;
 - (c) periodically polling the computer to locate applicable date commands;
 - (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), readying the electronic business forms for distribution to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands; and
 - (e) manually verifying the distribution of the electronic business forms to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands, and after manual verification, automatically distributing the electronic business forms to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands; said steps (d) and (e) for example being practised at a location remote from said geographically remote end users.
 - 10 A method of distributing electronic images to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing a plurality of different electronic images in a computer;
 - (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic images;
 - (c) periodically polling the computer to locate applicable date commands;
 - (d) in response to applicable date commands located in step (c), readying the electronic images for distribution to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands; and
 - (e) manually verifying the distribution of the electronic images to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands, and after manual verification, automatically distributing the electronic images to those of the plurality of end users specified by the distribution commands; said steps (d) and (e) for

example being practised at a location remote from said geographically remote end users.

- 11 A system for production of business forms comprising:
 - a first location having a first printer with a first printer format;
- a second location with a second printer having a second printer format, said second location being geographically remote from said first location;
- a first computer means for storing electronic business forms in both the first and second printer formats, said first computer means being located geographically remote from said first and second printers; and

communication means for interconnecting said first computer means and said first and second printers so that said first computer means transmits commands to said first and second printers to print the same paper form on both; said system optionally further comprising a second computer means comprising means for creating electronic business forms, and second communication means for transmitting created electronic business forms from said second computer means to said first computer means.

- 12 A method of handling business forms, comprising the steps of:
- (a) creating a plurality of business forms in electronic format;
- (b) maintaining the business forms created in step (a) in a display image format to which variables may be added for variable image data;
- (c) electronically transmitting the display image formats; and
- (d) ultimately converting the display of form image formats to desired printer formats, said method optionally comprising the further steps of:
- (e) simultaneously transmitting the printer formats to each of a plurality of compatible printers; and
- (f) printing out the forms on the compatible printers.

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- 13 A method of electronically developing, producing, managing and distributing a plurality of different business forms for an entity having a plurality of geographically remote use locations with different needs for different business forms, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) at a centralized location, storing the plurality of business forms in electronic format including by providing each with the following data associated therewith: identification code for the form; verbal description of the form; software package used to design the form; date of form creation and/or last revision; number of parts to the form; whether the form has landscape or portrait mode; length of the form; and width of the form;
 - (b) based upon geographic location, volume requirements, form construction, and equipment profile, determining which of the geographically remote use locations will be provided with business forms in electronic and/or preprinted form, and storing that information at said centralized location; and
 - (c) through electronic scheduling or in response to commands inputted at said centralized location automatically distributing forms in electronic and/or preprinted form from the centralized location to the geographically remote use locations for that particular form, according to the determinations provided in step (b).
- 14 A method of electronically creating and managing a plurality of different business forms, utilizing a first computer at a first location, and a second computer at a second location, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) at the first computer, creating a plurality of business form in electronic format, including printer formats;
 - (b) allocating a session with the second computer,
 - (c) designating appropriate business forms for transfer,
 - (d) electronically transferring the designated forms from the first computer to the second computer,
 - (e) confirming that the transfer has taken place; and
 - (f) initiating a table population function at the second computer, and confirming when that function has been completed.
- 15 A system according to any one of the preceding claims wherein said third computer means comprising a file comprising customer profile information including an identification uniquely identifying each customer, and address information for the customer; a geographic profile including the customer identification and a unique code for each different geographic location of the customer's facilities; a printer profile file including the customer identification, and a code identifying each printer, and the type of printer, at each geographic location of the customer; a distribution data file including the customer identification, a code to uniquely identify each form for a customer, and the code to uniquely identify each printer; a form profile data file including the customer identification, and the code to identify each form for a customer; and a form output file including the customer identification, and a code to uniquely identify the format of each form of the customer.
- 16 A system according to claim 1, said first computer means having: a customer profile file including an identifier uniquely identifying a customer and a customer's address; a form profile file including the unique customer identifier, a unique identifier of a form for a customer, and physical information about the form; a form file name file including the unique customer identifier and unique identifier for the form, and the type of printer the form is designed for, and a distribution information file including the unique customer identifier, an indicator

of whether or not a form has been selected for distribution to said third computer means, the unique form identifier, and the date of distribution of the form.

- 17 A method of distributing business forms to each of a plurality of geographically remote end users, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) storing in electronic format in a computer a plurality of different business forms;
 - (b) also storing in the computer predefined commands, including date and extent of distribution commands, relating to the distribution of the electronic business forms;
 - (c) periodically polling the computer to locate applicable data commands;
 - (d) identifying forms for distribution in the computer,

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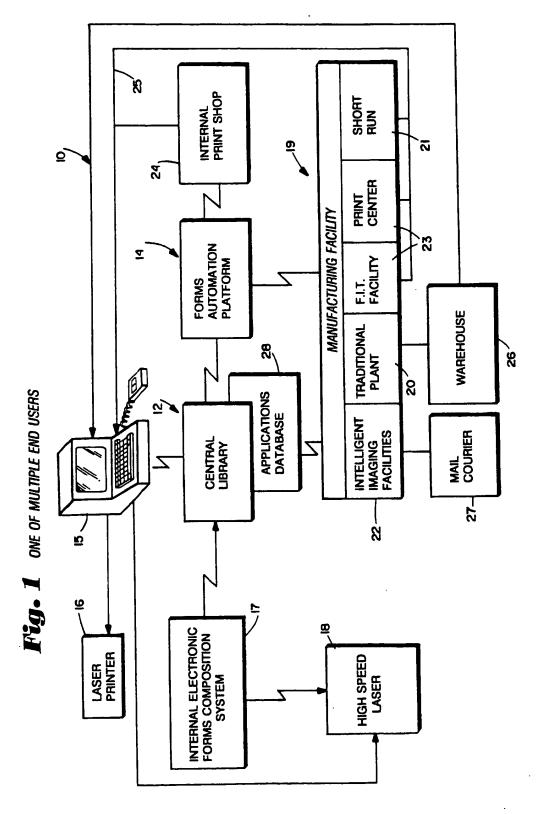
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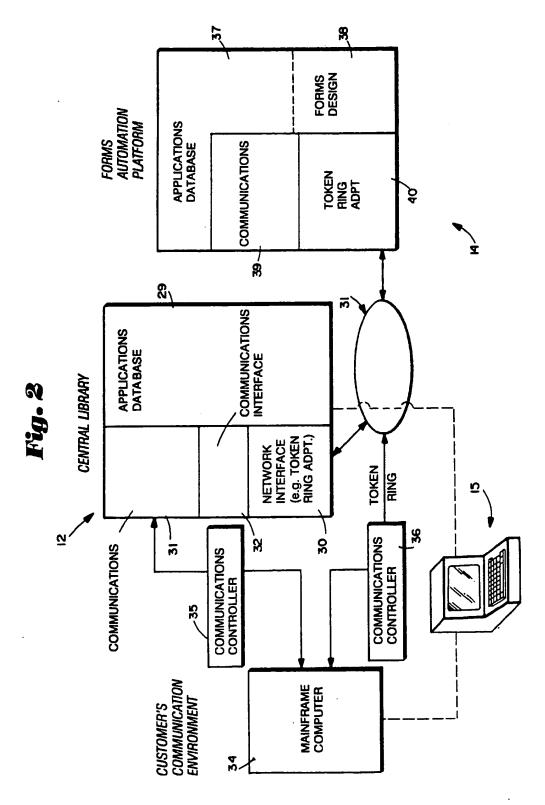
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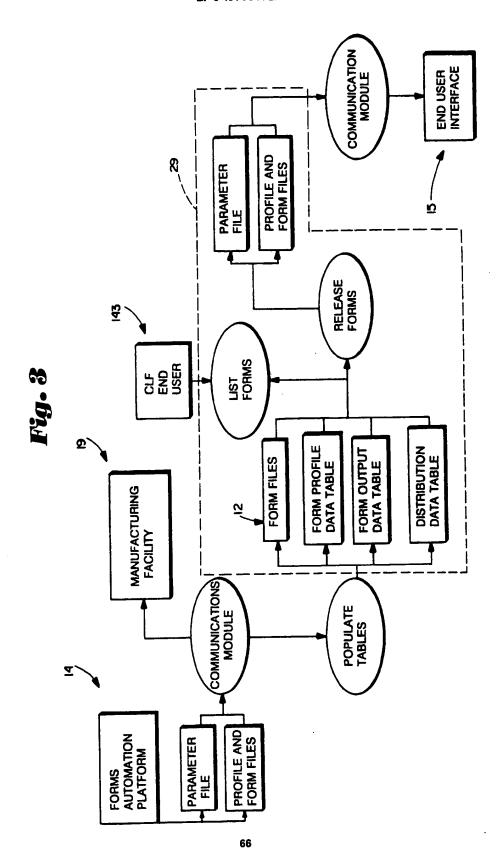
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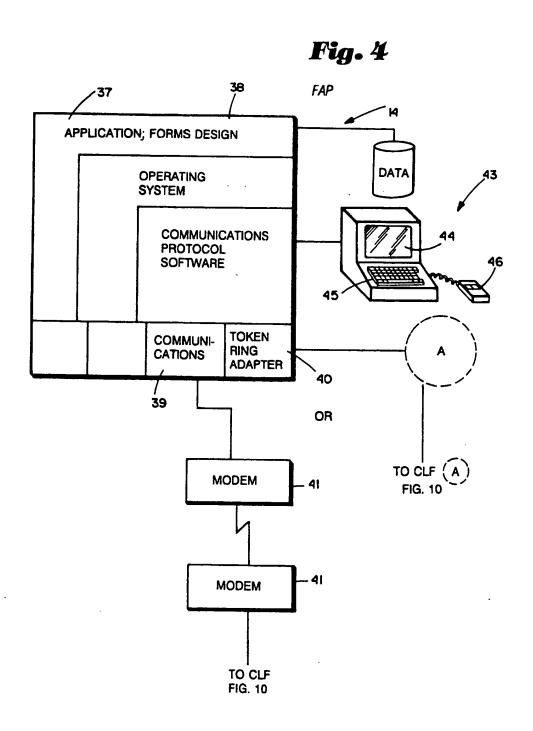
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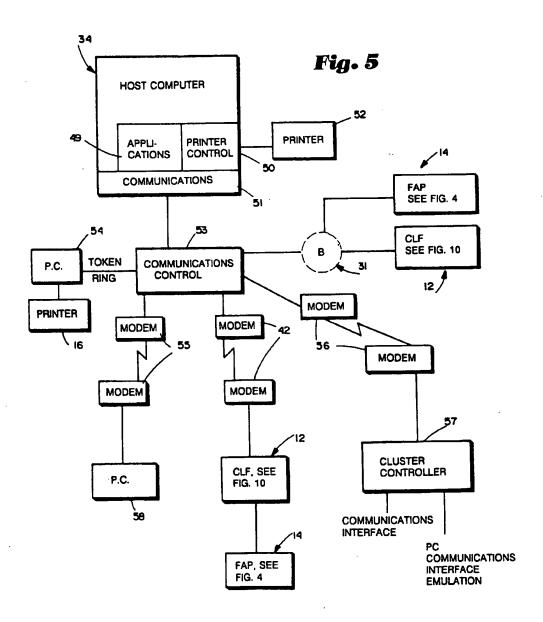
- (e) establishing a session between the computer and an end user;
- (f) transferring the forms electronically from the computer to the end user; and
- (g) acknowledging receipt of the forms by the end user from the computer.











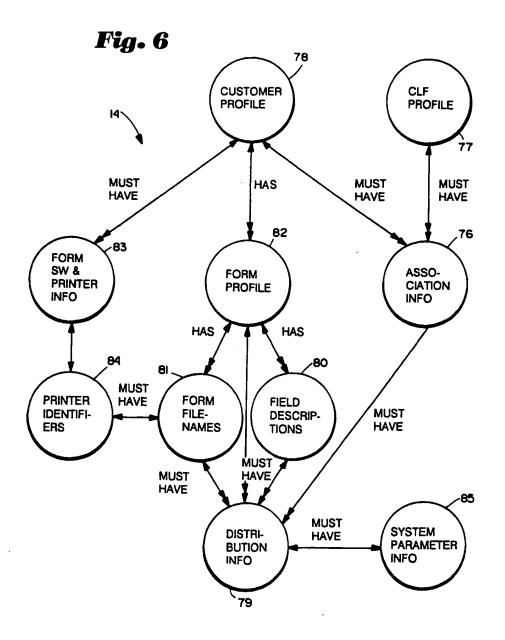
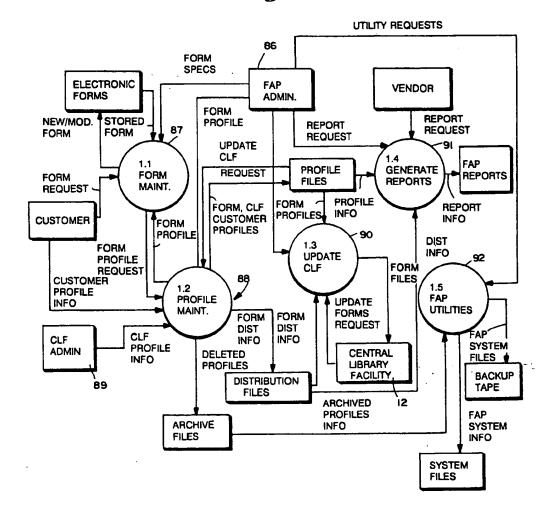


Fig. 7



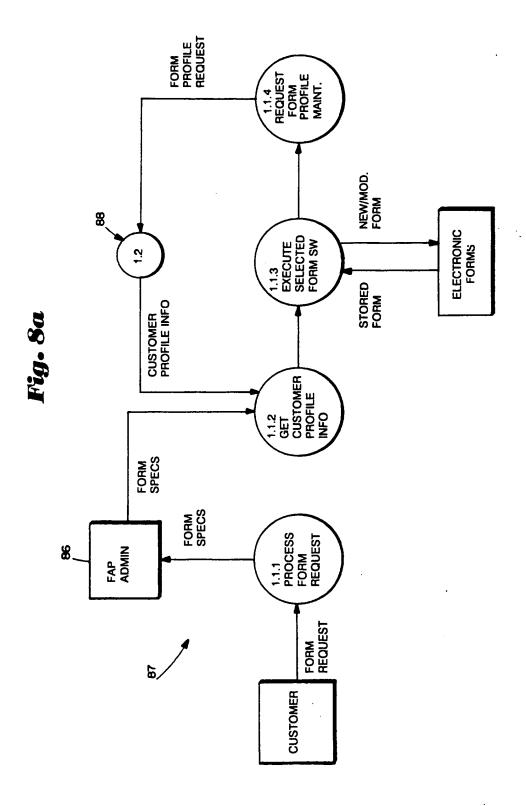
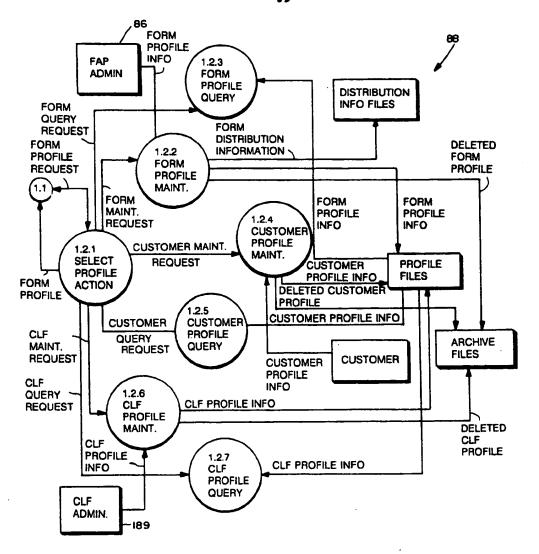
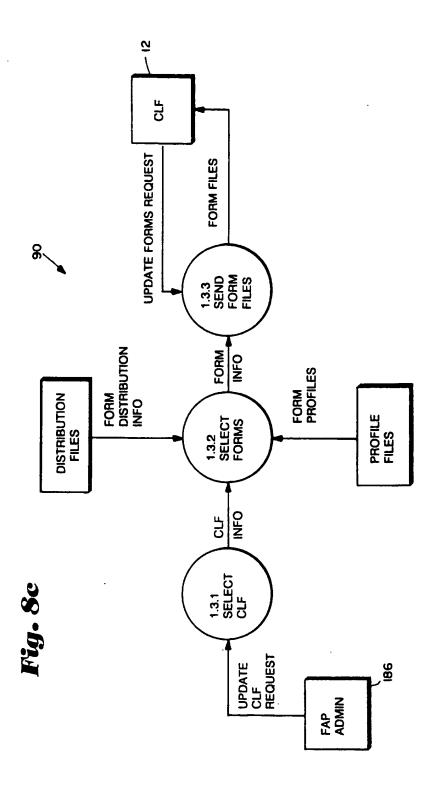
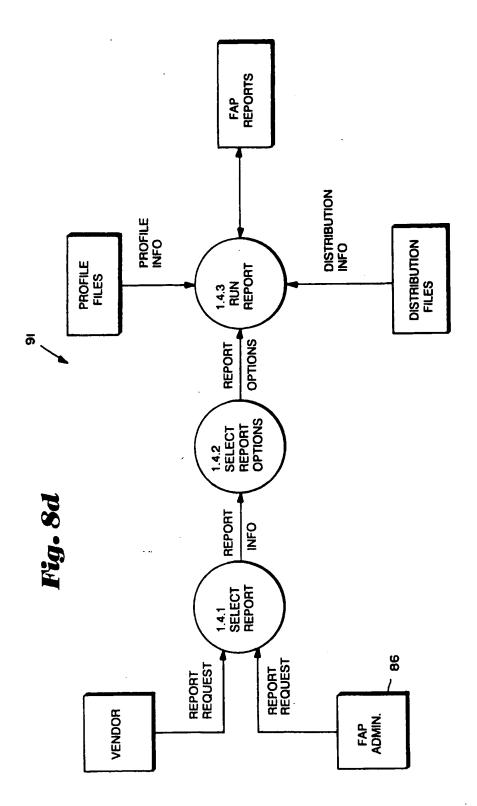
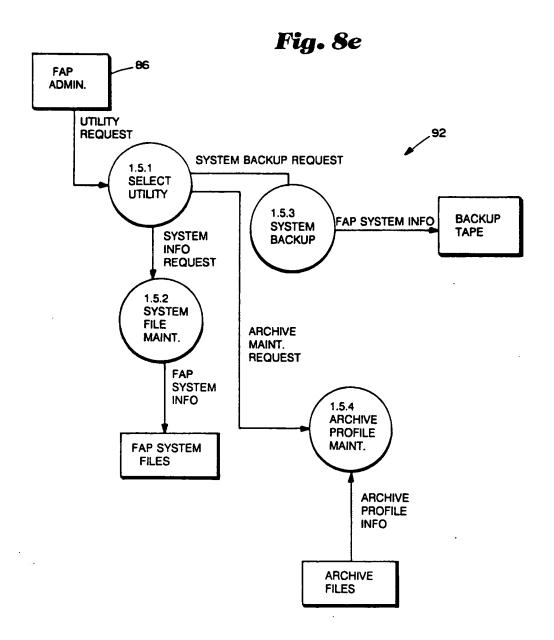


Fig. 8b









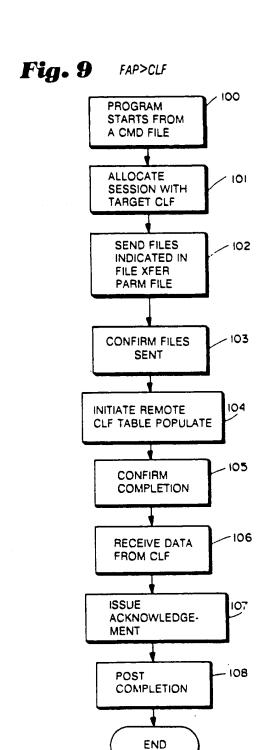
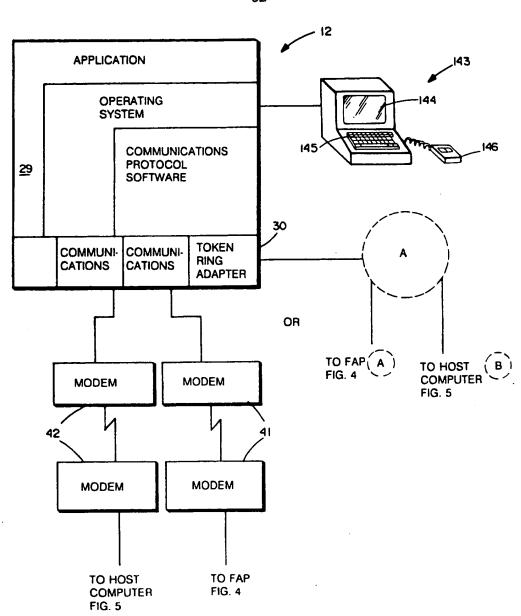


Fig. 10

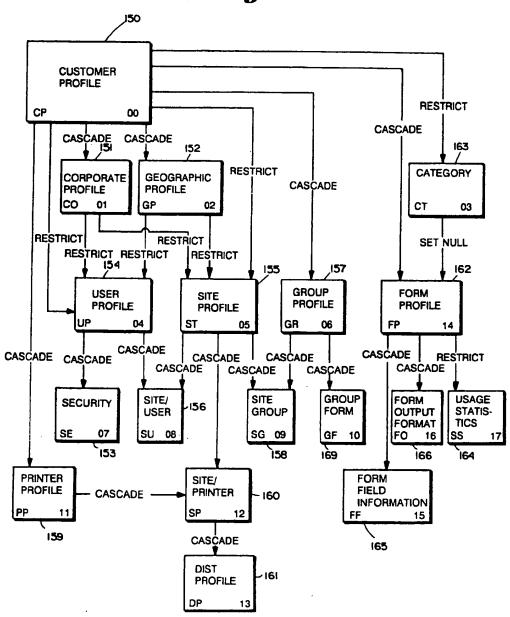
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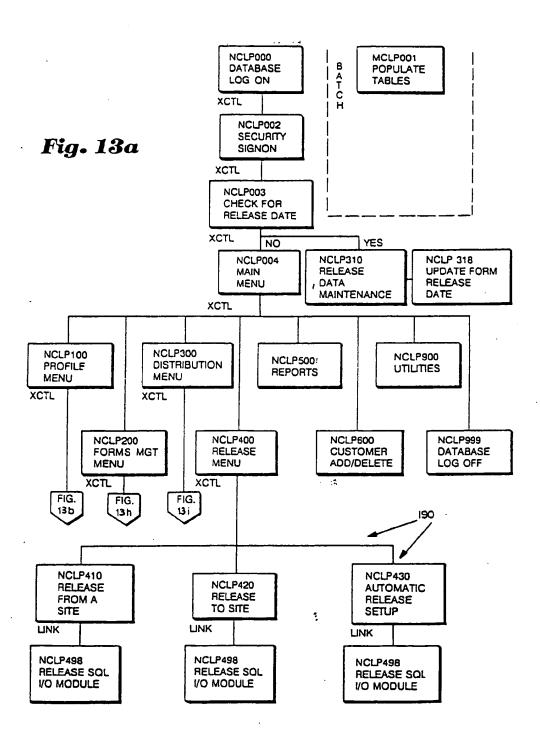


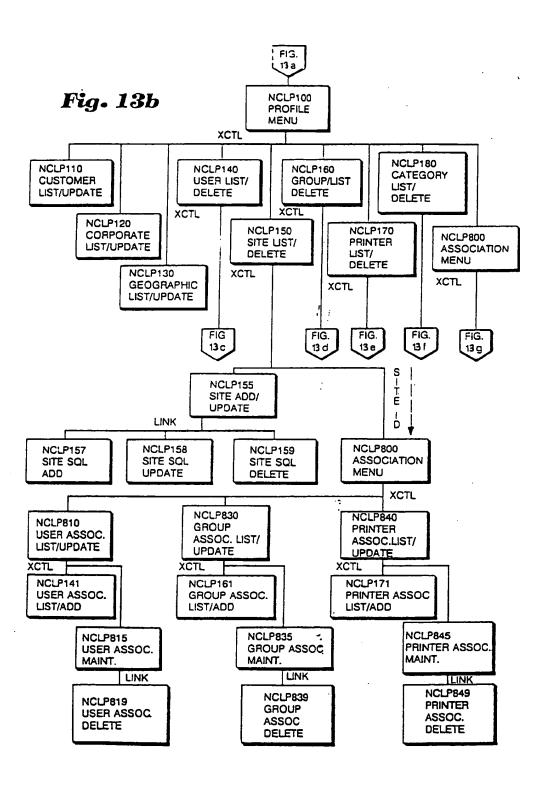
CENTRAL LIBRARY FACILITY DATA MODEL DIAGRAM SECURITY TABLE CUSTOMER MENU PROFILE 167 153 150 152 GEOGRAPHIC PROFILE CORPORATE **PROFILE** 151 155 SITE USER PROFILE 156 **PROFILE** 154 USER/SITE 150 DATA 159 SITE/GROUP DATA 160 PRINTER SITE/PRINTER **PROFILE** 157 DATA **GROUP PROFILE** <u> 163</u> 161 **CATEGORY** DISTRIBUTION **TABLE** DATA 165 164 -162 **USAGE** FORM FIELD FORM PROFILE **STATISTICS** INFORMATION DATA 166 FORM OUTPUT **FORMAT** 168 **FORMS**

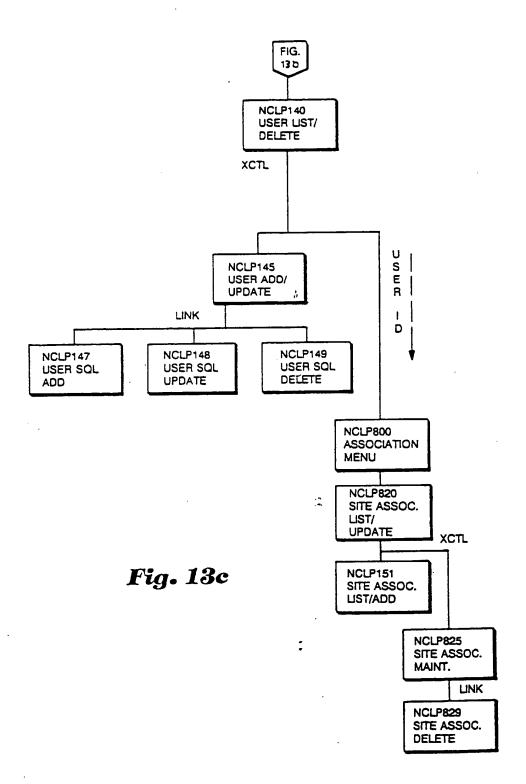
Fig. 11

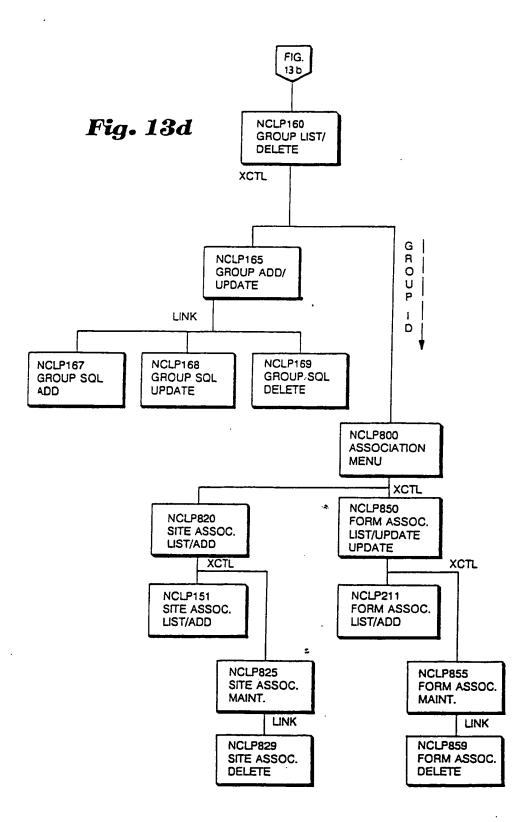
Fig. 12

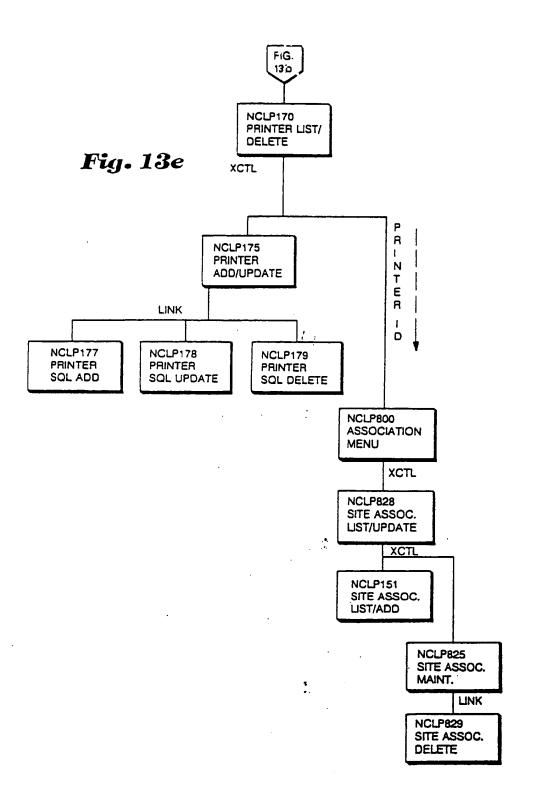












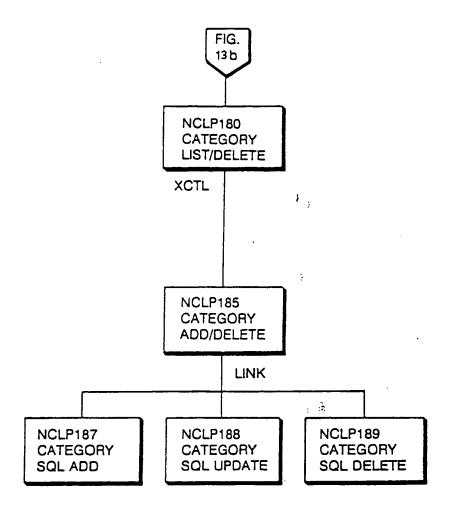
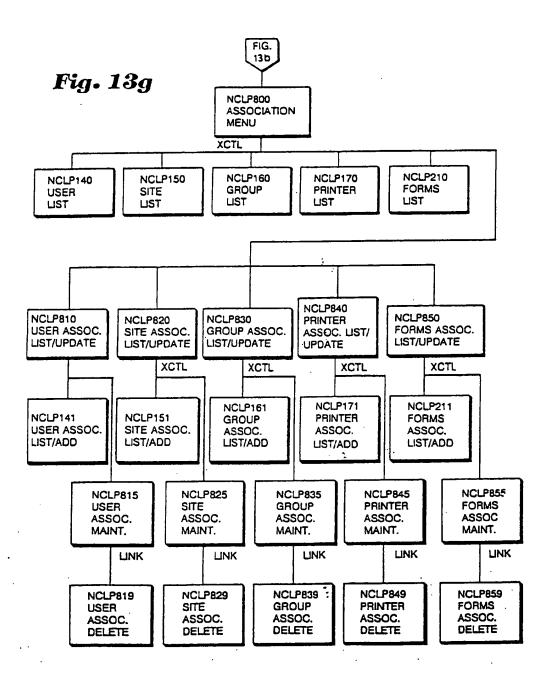
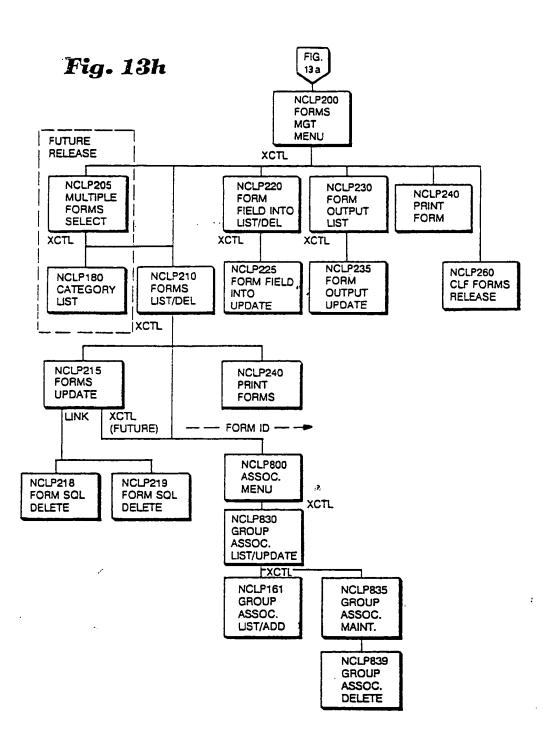
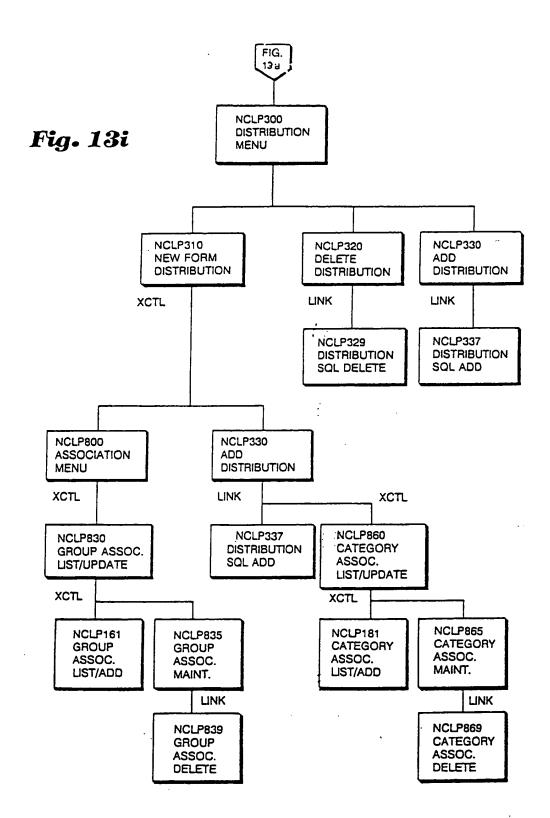
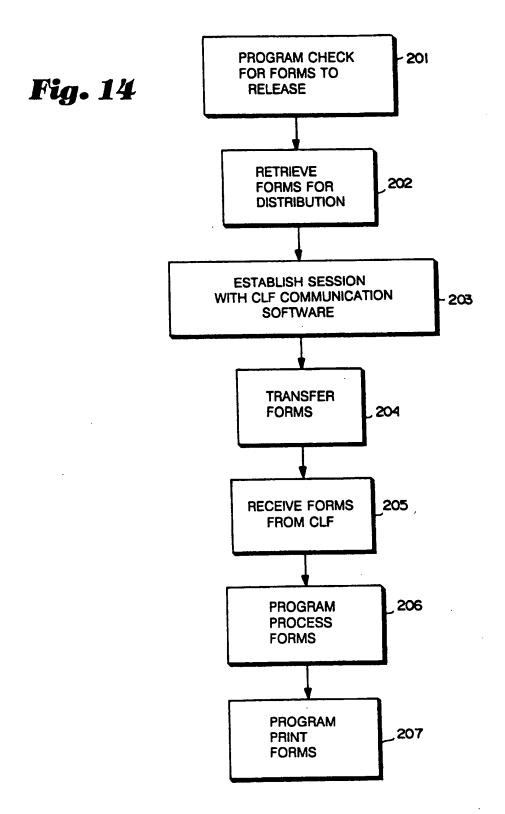


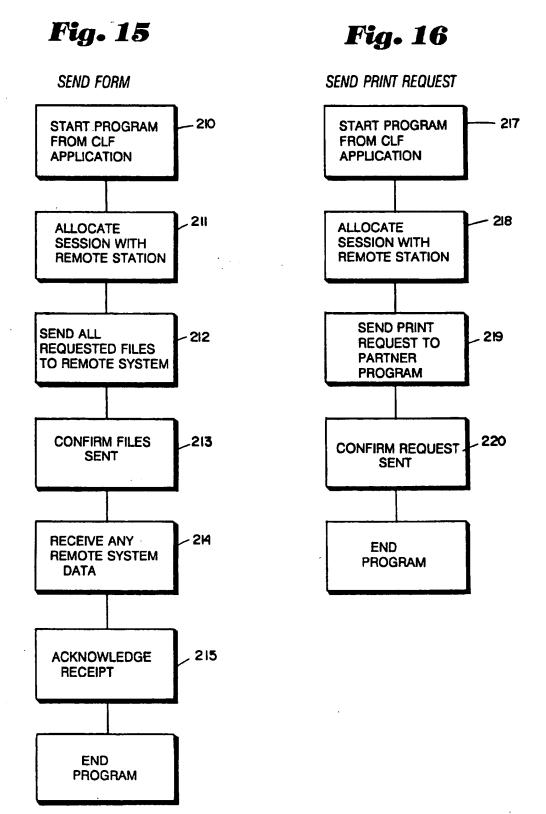
Fig. 13f











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(54) Form automation system.

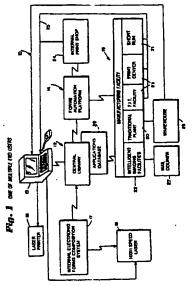
(5) The invention provides a system for production of business forms, comprising:

first computer means comprising a forms automation platform means; for establishing each of a plurality of business forms in electronic format; for determining print format information for said forms; and for converting said electronic format to appropriate print formats based upon said distribution profile information and print format information, to design a business form in electronic format;

second computer means at each of a plurality of end user sites, including means for inputting variable information, if any, to be contained in the business forms to be produced;

third computer means comprising a central library means: for processing requests for distribution to effect electronic distribution of forms; and for providing information about print formats and distribution profiles to said second computer means, said means including a display and an inputting means for inputting commands regarding the specific business form or forms requested; and communication means for providing communication between said forms automation platform means and said

central library means, and between said central library means and said end user sites. Also provided are methods of producing and distributing business forms using the system.





EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 91 30 9579

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE R Citation of document with indication, where appropria			Relevant	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
	of relevant passages		to claim	
	BUSINESS FORMS & SY		1-7,9,	G06F15/20
	vol. 26, no. 10, May 1988, page 42		11,12,	
			14-17	
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	COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND APPLICATIONS CONFERENCE 1990, pages 255 - 260 , XP0223616 T.J. FAN ET AL. 'FormPlus: A Form Authoring Toolkit' * page 255, right column, line 1 - line 34		11,12,	
			14, 15, 16	
			.	
	* page 256, left column, line 1 - line 16			
	* page 256, left column, line 33 - line 42		1	
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-	The present search report has b	een drawn up for all claims		
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•	THE HAGUE	02 APRIL 1993		POTTIEZ M.G.
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